

2023 SECOND QUARTER REPORT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
AND CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MORGUARD NORTH AMERICAN RESIDENTIAL REIT

2023
Q2

 Morguard

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

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PART I

Morguard North American Residential Real Estate Investment Trust ("Morguard Residential REIT" or the "REIT") is pleased to provide this review of operations and update on our financial performance for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023. Unless otherwise noted, dollar amounts are stated in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per suite and REIT trust unit ("Unit") amounts.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") sets out the REIT's strategies and provides an analysis of the financial performance for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, and significant risks facing the business. Historical results, including trends that might appear, should not be taken as indicative of future operations or results.

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the REIT's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. This MD&A is based on financial information prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and is dated July 25, 2023. Disclosure contained in this document is current to that date unless otherwise noted.

Additional information relating to Morguard Residential REIT, including the REIT's Annual Information Form, can be found at www.sedar.com and www.morguard.com.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS DISCLAIMER

Statements contained herein that are not based on historical or current fact, including without limitation, statements containing the words "anticipates", "believes", "may", "continue", "estimate", "expects" and "will" and words of similar expression, constitute "forward-looking statements". Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, events or developments to be materially different from any future results, events or developments expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the following: general economic and business conditions, both nationally and in the regions in which the REIT operates; changes in business strategy or development/acquisition plans; environmental exposures; financing risk; existing governmental regulations and changes in, or the failure to comply with, governmental regulations; liability and other claims asserted against the REIT; risk and uncertainties relating to the outbreak of the novel strain of the coronavirus identified as COVID-19 and other factors referred to in the REIT's filings with Canadian securities regulators. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. Morguard Residential REIT does not assume the obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

SPECIFIED FINANCIAL MEASURES

Morguard Residential REIT reports its financial results in accordance with IFRS. However, this MD&A also uses specified financial measures that are not defined by IFRS, which follow the disclosure requirements established by National Instrument 52-112 *Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures Disclosure*. Specified financial measures are categorized as non-GAAP financial measures, non-GAAP ratios, and other financial measures, which are capital management measures, supplementary financial measures, and total of segments measures.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Non-GAAP financial measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers in similar or different industries. These measures should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as substitutes for related financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS. The REIT's management uses these measures to aid in assessing the REIT's underlying core performance and provides these additional measures so that investors may do the same. Management believes that the non-GAAP financial measures described below, which supplement the IFRS measures, provide readers with a more comprehensive understanding of management's perspective on the REIT's operating results and performance.

The following discussion describes the non-GAAP financial measures the REIT uses in evaluating its operating results:

PROPORTIONATE SHARE BASIS

The REIT's balance sheet and statements of income prepared in accordance with IFRS have been adjusted (as described below) to derive the REIT's proportionately owned financial results ("Proportionate Basis"). The Proportionate Basis adjustment excludes the impact of realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21 (described below) and records realty taxes for all properties on a *pro rata* basis over the entire fiscal year. Management believes that the Proportionate Basis non-GAAP financial measures, which supplement the IFRS measures, provide readers with a more comprehensive understanding of management's perspective on the REIT's operating results and performance.

Non-Controlling Interest Share ("NCI Share")

NCI Share adjusts for three Canadian properties and two U.S. properties whereby the REIT controls but does not own a 100% interest in the subsidiary and, as a result, the REIT fully consolidates their financial results within its consolidated financial statements. The adjustment removes the non-controlling interest portion that is consolidated under IFRS. The presentation of *pro rata* assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses represents a non-GAAP financial measure and may not accurately depict the legal and economic implications of the REIT's interest in the joint ventures.

Equity-Accounted Investments ("Equity Interest")

Equity Interest adjusts interests in joint arrangements that are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The financial results of one U.S. property (two U.S. properties prior to January 5, 2023) under IFRS are presented on a single line within the consolidated balance sheet and statements of income and have been adjusted on a proportionately owned basis to each respective financial statement line presented within the balance sheet and statements of income. The presentation of *pro rata* assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses represents a non-GAAP financial measure and may not accurately depict the legal and economic implications of the REIT's interest in the joint venture.

IFRIC 21

Net operating income ("NOI") includes the impact of realty taxes accounted for under the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") Interpretation 21, Levies ("IFRIC 21"). IFRIC 21 states that an entity recognizes a levy liability in accordance with the relevant legislation. The obligating event for realty taxes for the U.S. municipalities in which the REIT operates is ownership of the property on January 1 of each year for which the tax is imposed and, as a result, the REIT records the entire annual realty tax expense for its U.S. properties on January 1, except for U.S. properties acquired during the year in which the realty taxes are not recorded in the year of acquisition.

A reconciliation of the REIT's proportionately owned financial results from the IFRS financial statement presentation is presented under the section Part IX, "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

PROPORTIONATE SHARE NOI ("PROPORTIONATE NOI")

NOI and Proportionate NOI are important measures in evaluating the operating performance of the REIT's real estate properties and are a key input in determining the fair value of the REIT's properties. Proportionate NOI represents NOI (an IFRS measure) adjusted for the following: i) to exclude the impact of realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21 as noted above. Proportionate NOI records realty taxes for all properties on a *pro rata* basis over the entire fiscal year; ii) to exclude the non-controlling interest share of NOI for those properties that are consolidated under IFRS; and iii) to include equity-accounted investments NOI at the REIT's ownership interest.

In addition, included in Proportionate Share NOI is the composition of revenue from real estate properties (an IFRS measure) in three categories: i) gross rental revenue (before vacancy and ancillary revenue); ii) vacancy; and iii) ancillary revenue. The presentation of revenue from real estate properties in these three categories (on a Proportionate Share Basis) represents a non-GAAP financial measure and is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-GAAP financial measure to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance that provides a more comprehensive understanding of revenue from real estate properties.

A reconciliation of Proportionate NOI from the IFRS financial statement presentation of NOI (revenue from real estate properties (and the composition of revenue), property operating costs, realty taxes and utilities) is presented under the section Part IX, "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

SAME PROPERTY PROPORTIONATE NOI

Same Property Proportionate NOI is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-GAAP financial measure to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance for properties owned by the REIT continuously for the current and comparable reporting period and does not take into account the impact of the operating performance of property acquisitions and dispositions as well as development properties until reaching stabilized occupancy. In addition, Same Property Proportionate NOI is presented in local currency and by country, isolating any impact of foreign exchange fluctuations. A reconciliation of the components of Same Property Proportionate NOI is presented under the section Part III, "Review of Operational Results."

A reconciliation of Same Property Proportionate NOI from the IFRS financial statement presentation of NOI (revenue from real estate properties (and the composition of revenue), property operating costs, realty taxes and utilities) is presented under the section Part IX, "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS ("FFO")

FFO (and FFO per Unit) is a non-GAAP financial measure widely used as a real estate industry standard that supplements net income and evaluates operating performance but is not indicative of funds available to meet the REIT's cash requirements. FFO can assist with comparisons of the operating performance of the REIT's real estate between periods and relative to other real estate entities. FFO is computed by the REIT in accordance with the current definition of the Real Property Association of Canada ("REALPAC") and is defined as net income attributable to Unitholders adjusted for fair value adjustments, distributions on the Class B LP Units, realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21, deferred income taxes (on the REIT's U.S. properties), gains/losses on the sale of real estate properties (including income taxes on the sale of real estate properties) and other non-cash items. The REIT considers FFO to be a useful measure for reviewing its comparative operating and financial performance. FFO per Unit is calculated as FFO divided by the weighted average number of Units outstanding (including Class B LP Units) during the period.

A reconciliation of net income attributable to Unitholders (an IFRS measure) to FFO is presented under the section Part III, "Funds From Operations."

INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness (as defined in the Declaration of Trust) is a measure of the amount of debt financing utilized by the REIT. Indebtedness is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-GAAP financial measure to be an important measure of the REIT's financial position.

A reconciliation of indebtedness from the IFRS financial statement presentation is presented under the section Part IX, "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

GROSS BOOK VALUE

Gross book value (as defined in the Declaration of Trust) is a measure of the value of the REIT's assets. Gross book value is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-GAAP financial measure to be an important measure of the REIT's asset base and financial position.

A reconciliation of gross book value from the IFRS financial statement presentation is presented under the section Part IX, "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

TOTAL DISTRIBUTIONS (INCLUDING CLASS B LP UNITS)

Total distributions (including Class B LP Units) is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by combining distributions to Unitholders and distributions on the Class B LP Units that originate from different IFRS financial statement line items. Under IFRS, the Class B LP Units are classified as financial liabilities, and the corresponding distributions paid to the unitholders are classified as interest expense. Total distributions (including Class B LP Units) is presented in this MD&A because management believes Class B LP Unit distribution payments do not represent financing charges because these amounts are payable only if the REIT declares distributions and only for the amount of any distributions declared, both of which are at the discretion of the Board of Trustees as outlined in the Declaration of Trust (defined below).

A reconciliation of the IFRS financial statement presentation of Unitholders distribution plus distributions on the Class B LP Units is presented under the section Part III, "Distributions."

NON-GAAP RATIOS

Non-GAAP ratios do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers in similar or different industries. These measures should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as substitutes for related financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS. The REIT's management uses these measures to aid in

assessing the REIT's underlying core performance and provides these additional measures so that investors may do the same. Management believes that the non-GAAP ratios described below, provide readers with a more comprehensive understanding of management's perspective on the REIT's operating results and performance.

The following discussion describes the non-GAAP ratios the REIT uses in evaluating its operating results.

PROPORTIONATE NOI MARGIN

Proportionate NOI margin is calculated as Proportionate NOI divided by revenue (on a Proportionate Basis) and is an important measure in evaluating the operating performance (including the level of operating expenses) of the REIT's real estate properties. Proportionate NOI margin is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-GAAP ratio to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance and financial position.

FFO PAYOUT RATIO

FFO payout ratio compares distributions (including Class B LP Units) to FFO. Distributions (including Class B LP Units) is calculated based on the monthly distribution per Unit multiplied by the weighted average number of Units outstanding (including Class B LP Units) during the period and is an important metric in assessing the sustainability of retained cash flow to fund capital expenditures and distributions. FFO payout ratio is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-GAAP ratio to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance and financial position.

INDEBTEDNESS TO GROSS BOOK VALUE RATIO

Indebtedness to gross book value ratio is a compliance measure in the Declaration of Trust and establishes the limit for financial leverage of the REIT. Indebtedness to gross book value ratio is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-GAAP ratio to be an important measure of the REIT's financial position.

INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO

Interest coverage ratio measures the amount of cash flow available to meet annual interest payments on the REIT's indebtedness. Generally, the higher the interest coverage ratio, the lower the credit risk. Interest coverage ratio is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-GAAP ratio to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance and financial position.

INDEBTEDNESS COVERAGE RATIO

Indebtedness coverage ratio measures the amount of cash flow available to meet annual principal and interest payments on the REIT's indebtedness. Generally, the higher the indebtedness coverage ratio, the higher the capacity for additional debt. Indebtedness coverage ratio is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-GAAP ratio to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance and financial position.

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL MEASURES

Supplementary financial measures represent a component of a financial statement line item (including ratios that are not non-GAAP ratios) that are presented in a more granular way outside the financial statements, calculated in accordance with the accounting policies used to prepare the line item presented in the financial statements.

The following discussion describes the supplementary financial measures the REIT uses in evaluating its operating results:

SAME PROPERTY NOI

Same Property NOI is presented in this MD&A because management considers this supplementary financial measure to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance, representing NOI for properties owned by the REIT continuously for the current and comparable reporting period and does not take into account the impact of the operating performance of property acquisitions and dispositions as well as development properties until reaching stabilized occupancy. In addition, Same Property NOI is presented in local currency and by country, isolating any impact of foreign exchange fluctuations. A summary of the components of Same Property NOI is presented under the section Part III, "Review of Operational Results."

Included in Same Property NOI is the composition of revenue from real estate properties (an IFRS measure) in three categories: i) gross rental revenue (before vacancy and ancillary revenue); ii) vacancy; and iii) ancillary revenue. The presentation of revenue from real estate properties in these three categories represents a supplementary financial measure and is presented in this MD&A because management considers this measure

to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance that provides a more comprehensive understanding of revenue from real estate properties.

NOI MARGIN

NOI margin is calculated as NOI divided by revenue and is an important measure in evaluating the operating performance (including the level of operating expenses) of the REIT's real estate properties. NOI margin is presented in this MD&A because management considers this supplementary financial measure to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance and financial position.

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES BY REGION

The composition of the REIT's real estate properties by region is presented in this MD&A because management considers this supplementary financial measure to be an important measure of the REIT's asset base and financial position. A summary of the components of real estate properties by region is presented under the section Part IV, "Balance Sheet Analysis."

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES BY COUNTRY

The composition of the REIT's capital expenditures by country is presented in this MD&A because management considers this supplementary financial measure to be an important measure of the REIT's capital expenditures by its Canadian and U.S. portfolios. The REIT is committed to improving its operating performance by incurring appropriate capital expenditures in order to replace and maintain the productive capacity of its property portfolio so as to sustain its rental income generating potential over the portfolio's useful life. A summary of the components of capital expenditures by country is presented under the section Part IV, "Balance Sheet Analysis."

LOAN-TO-VALUE ("LTV")

LTV is calculated by multiplying a rate of leverage by the real estate properties' fair value and is presented in this MD&A by year and is plotted against the maturity profile of the REIT's mortgages payable. Included in the analysis is an equity-accounted investment at the REIT's interest. The presentation of LTV against its corresponding mortgage maturity profile represents a supplementary financial measure and is presented in this MD&A because management considers this measure to be an important measure of the REIT's financial position. A table illustrating the LTV by year, plotted against the REIT's mortgage maturity profile is presented under the section Part V, "Capital Structure and Debt Profile."

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT MEASURES

The REIT's capital management is designed to maintain a level of capital that allows it to implement its business strategy while complying with investment and debt restrictions pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, as well as existing debt covenants, while continuing to build long-term Unitholder value and maintaining sufficient capital contingencies.

The following discussion describes the REIT capital management measures.

TOTAL CAPITALIZATION

Total capitalization as disclosed in the notes to the REIT's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 is calculated as the sum of the principal amount of the REIT's total debt (including mortgages payable, convertible debentures, lease liabilities and amounts drawn under its revolving credit facility with Morguard Corporation), Unitholders' equity and Class B LP Units liability, and is presented in this MD&A because management considers this capital management measure to be an important measure of the REIT's financial position.

LIQUIDITY

Liquidity is calculated as the sum of cash, amounts available under its revolving credit facility with Morguard and any committed net additional mortgage financing proceeds and is presented in this MD&A because management considers this capital management measure to be an important measure of the REIT's financial position as well as determining the annual level of distributions to Unitholders.

PART II

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND STRATEGY

The REIT is an unincorporated open-ended real estate investment trust established pursuant to a declaration of trust dated March 1, 2012, and as most recently amended and restated on February 16, 2021 (the "Declaration of Trust"), under and governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario. The Units of the REIT trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "MRG.UN."

The REIT has been formed to own multi-suite residential rental properties across Canada and the United States. The objectives of the REIT are to: i) generate stable and growing cash distributions on a tax-efficient basis; ii) enhance the value of the REIT's assets and maximize the long-term value of the Units through active asset and property management; and iii) expand the asset base of the REIT primarily through acquisitions and improvement of its properties through targeted and strategically deployed capital expenditures.

The REIT's internal growth strategy will focus on maximizing cash flow from its portfolio. The REIT intends to increase cash flows by maximizing occupancy and average monthly rent ("AMR"), taking into account local conditions in each of its regional markets, managing its operating expenses as a percentage of revenues and strengthening its asset base through its building infrastructure improvement and capital expenditure programs.

The REIT's external growth strategy is focused on opportunities to acquire additional multi-suite residential properties located in urban centres and major suburban regions in Canada and the United States that satisfy the REIT's investment criteria, as well as generating greater cash flow from acquired properties. The REIT will seek to leverage its relationship with Morguard Corporation ("Morguard") to access acquisition opportunities that satisfy the REIT's investment criteria. Additionally, subject to limited exceptions, the REIT has the right of first opportunity to acquire the existing interests in Morguard's multi-suite residential properties prior to any disposition by Morguard to a third party.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

As at (In thousands of dollars, except as noted otherwise)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Operational Information			
Number of properties	43	42	42
Total suites	13,089	12,849	12,983
Occupancy percentage - Canada	98.4%	98.6%	95.2%
Occupancy percentage - U.S.	95.3%	95.3%	96.4%
AMR - Canada (in actual dollars)	\$1,631	\$1,588	\$1,565
AMR - U.S. (in actual U.S. dollars)	US\$1,848	US\$1,771	US\$1,636
Summary of Financial Information			
Gross book value ⁽¹⁾	\$4,128,900	\$3,934,417	\$3,856,408
Indebtedness ⁽¹⁾	\$1,583,989	\$1,496,179	\$1,371,845
Indebtedness to gross book value ratio ⁽¹⁾	38.4%	38.0%	35.6%
Weighted average mortgage interest rate	3.65%	3.50%	3.31%
Weighted average term to maturity on mortgages payable (years)	5.2	4.9	4.6
Exchange rates - United States dollar to Canadian dollar	\$1.32	\$1.35	\$1.29
Exchange rates - Canadian dollar to United States dollar	\$0.76	\$0.74	\$0.78

(1) Represents a non-GAAP financial measure/ratio that does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and is not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers in similar or different industries. This measure should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as substitutes for related financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS. Additional information on this non-GAAP financial measure/ratio can be found under the section Part I, "Specified Financial Measures."

(In thousands of dollars, except per Unit amounts)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Summary of Financial Information				
Interest coverage ratio ⁽¹⁾	2.55	2.58	2.51	2.53
Indebtedness coverage ratio ⁽¹⁾	1.67	1.57	1.62	1.54
Revenue from real estate properties	\$83,326	\$67,392	\$162,974	\$132,649
NOI	\$53,494	\$42,456	\$72,802	\$59,880
Proportionate NOI ⁽¹⁾	\$45,238	\$37,101	\$86,902	\$72,228
Same Property Proportionate NOI ⁽¹⁾	\$40,216	\$35,440	\$78,523	\$68,533
NOI margin - IFRS	64.2%	63.0%	44.7%	45.1%
NOI margin - Proportionate ⁽¹⁾	54.6%	54.1%	53.6%	53.5%
Net income	\$87,515	\$166,550	\$121,764	\$337,692
FFO - basic ⁽¹⁾	\$23,711	\$19,833	\$45,665	\$38,140
FFO - diluted ⁽¹⁾	\$24,549	\$20,792	\$47,571	\$40,042
FFO per Unit - basic ⁽¹⁾	\$0.42	\$0.35	\$0.81	\$0.68
FFO per Unit - diluted ⁽¹⁾	\$0.42	\$0.34	\$0.80	\$0.66
Distributions per Unit	\$0.1800	\$0.1749	\$0.3600	\$0.3498
FFO payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	42.5%	49.7%	44.2%	51.6%
Weighted average number of Units outstanding (in thousands):				
Basic ⁽²⁾	55,957	56,304	56,118	56,298
Diluted ^{(2) (3)}	58,276	60,537	59,485	60,531
Average exchange rates - United States dollar to Canadian dollar	\$1.34	\$1.28	\$1.35	\$1.27
Average exchange rates - Canadian dollar to United States dollar	\$0.74	\$0.78	\$0.74	\$0.79

(1) Represents a non-GAAP financial measure/ratio that does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and is not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers in similar or different industries. This measure should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as substitutes for related financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS. Additional information on this non-GAAP financial measure/ratio can be found under the section Part I, "Specified Financial Measures."

(2) For purposes of calculating FFO per Unit, Class B LP Units are included as Units outstanding on both a basic and diluted basis.

(3) Includes the dilutive impact of the convertible debentures.

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

As at June 30, 2023, the REIT's multi-suite residential property portfolio consists of 16 Canadian properties and 27 U.S. properties, having a total of 13,089 residential suites and 239,500 square feet of commercial area. The properties are primarily located in urban centres and major suburban regions in Alberta, Ontario, Colorado, Texas, Louisiana, Illinois, Georgia, Florida, North Carolina, Virginia and Maryland.

Approximately 79% of suites in Canada are located in Toronto and Mississauga, which form part of the Greater Toronto Area ("GTA"). The GTA is Canada's most significant economic cluster and contains the largest concentration of people. The regional distribution of the remaining suites serves to add stability to the REIT's cash flows because it reduces the REIT's vulnerability to economic fluctuations affecting any particular region.

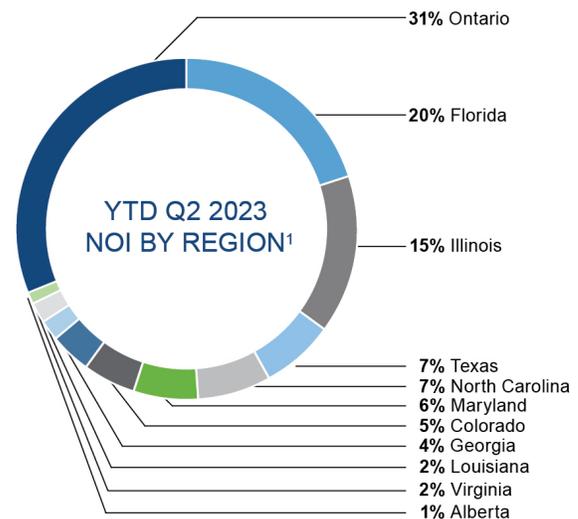
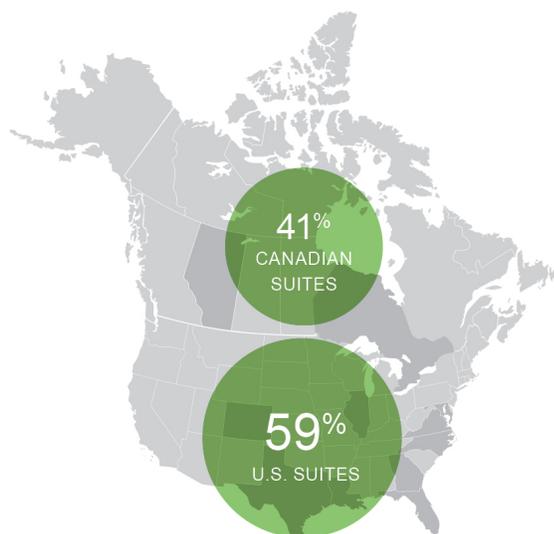
The following table details the regional distribution of the REIT's portfolio as at June 30, 2023:

Region (In thousands of dollars, except as otherwise noted)	Number of Properties	Total Suites ⁽¹⁾	% of the Portfolio (based on suites)	Fair Value of Real Estate Properties ⁽¹⁾
Canadian Properties				
Alberta	1	277	2.1%	\$50,000
Ontario				
Mississauga	7	2,219	17.0%	762,600
Toronto	6	1,997	15.3%	442,600
Other ⁽²⁾	2	842	6.4%	238,800
	16	5,335	40.8%	\$1,494,000
U.S. Properties				
Colorado	2	454	3.5%	\$165,632
Texas	3	1,021	7.8%	287,838
Louisiana	2	249	1.9%	68,716
Illinois	4	1,795	13.7%	883,375
Georgia	2	522	4.0%	155,967
Florida	9	2,253	17.2%	695,893
North Carolina	2	864	6.6%	257,783
Virginia	1	104	0.8%	68,715
Maryland⁽³⁾	2	492	3.7%	243,803
	27	7,754	59.2%	\$2,827,722
Impact of realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21				17,706
Total	43	13,089	100.0%	\$4,339,428

(1) Total suites and fair value of real estate properties include non-controlling interest; the REIT, on a proportionate basis, has ownership of 12,315 suites. Fair value of real estate properties represents the sum of real estate properties (\$4,018,080) and an equity-accounted investment property (\$321,348), inclusive of non-controlling interest share.

(2) Other Ontario includes one property in each of Kitchener, Ontario and Ottawa, Ontario.

(3) Includes a retail property comprising 186,712 square feet of commercial area.



¹ Includes equity-accounted investments at ownership share and excludes the impact of realty taxes under IFRIC 21.

AVERAGE MONTHLY RENT AND OCCUPANCY BY REGION

The following table details AMR (in actual dollars), stated in local currency, and occupancy of the REIT's portfolio for the following periods and is calculated on a proportionate ownership basis:

Region	AMR/Suite at June 30, 2023	AMR/Suite at June 30, 2022	% Change	Occupancy at June 30, 2023	Occupancy at June 30, 2022
Canadian Properties (in Canadian dollars)					
Alberta	\$1,356	\$1,396	(2.9%)	88.4%	70.4%
Ontario					
Mississauga ⁽¹⁾	1,830	1,759	4.0%	99.5%	98.5%
Toronto	1,468	1,402	4.7%	99.3%	96.7%
Other ⁽²⁾	1,589	1,502	5.8%	96.5%	91.0%
Total Ontario	1,646	1,575	4.5%	99.0%	96.6%
Total Canada (in Canadian dollars)	\$1,631	\$1,565	4.2%	98.4%	95.2%
U.S. Properties (in U.S. dollars)					
Colorado	\$1,786	\$1,632	9.4%	96.2%	96.2%
Texas	1,647	1,525	8.0%	94.1%	97.4%
Louisiana	1,645	1,622	1.4%	92.6%	92.6%
Illinois	2,736	2,530	8.1%	97.0%	97.7%
Georgia	1,626	1,480	9.9%	95.4%	96.1%
Florida	1,706	1,555	9.7%	94.6%	95.7%
North Carolina	1,454	1,291	12.6%	95.6%	97.7%
Virginia	2,379	2,248	5.8%	98.1%	95.1%
Maryland	2,069	1,923	7.6%	97.1%	95.5%
U.S. Same Property	1,784	1,637	9.0%	95.1%	96.4%
Disposition/Acquisition ⁽³⁾	2,323	1,614	43.9%	96.6%	96.6%
Total U.S. (in U.S. dollars)	\$1,848	\$1,636	13.0%	95.3%	96.4%
Total (in local currencies)	\$1,756	\$1,604	9.5%	96.6%	95.9%

(1) Excludes 36 suites impacted by a fire at a property during the second quarter of 2022.

(2) Other Ontario includes one property in each of Kitchener, Ontario and Ottawa, Ontario.

(3) U.S. disposition includes a property located in Slidell, Louisiana (sold in August 2022) and a property located in Coconut Creek, Florida (sold in October 2022).

U.S. acquisition includes Echelon Chicago (acquired in August 2022), the 50% interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square (acquired in January 2023) and Xavier Apartments (acquired in March 2023).

CANADIAN PROPERTIES

As at June 30, 2023, Canadian AMR per suite was \$1,631, an increase of 4.2% compared to June 30, 2022. Sequentially, Canadian AMR at June 30, 2023, increased by 1.1%, compared to \$1,613 as at March 31, 2023.

Effective January 1, 2023, the Ontario guideline rental rate increase is 2.5% (2022 - 1.2%), which has contributed to a higher rental rate growth than in previous years. The REIT also experienced rental rate growth from above-guideline increases ("AGI") at several properties upon the completion of capital projects as well as rental rate increases on suite turnover. In addition, within the Ontario portfolio, the REIT has filed AGI applications relating to eligible capital repairs, providing the ability to increase rents upon approval from the Landlord and Tenant Board.

The REIT continued to experience steady demand, particularly towards the end of last year and into the first half of 2023, which allowed the REIT to increase rents from below market rates as suites turned over. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT's Canadian portfolio turned over 257 suites, or 4.8% of total suites and achieved AMR growth of 22.8% on suite turnover. Overall, Canadian turnover is lower compared to 8.3% achieved during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

As at June 30, 2023, AMR at the REIT's single property in Edmonton, Alberta, decreased by 2.9% compared to June 30, 2022. The Edmonton market is experiencing a slower recovery as new rental units have been brought to market, as well as government offices remaining on a hybrid schedule. The province of Alberta is not limited by rent control which provides the REIT the ability to increase rents as the rental inventory is absorbed.

As at June 30, 2023, occupancy in Canada increased to 98.4%, compared to 95.2% at June 30, 2022, and sequentially, occupancy was stable compared to 98.6% at March 31, 2023. Rental market conditions remain stable as housing demand is out distancing supply and as an elevated level of immigration and a high interest rate environment are discouraging tenants from home ownership.

Occupancy at the REIT's Other Ontario region increased from 91.0% at June 30, 2022, to 96.5% at June 30, 2023, primarily due to an increase in occupancy at the REIT's property located in Ottawa, from 79.2% to 98.0%. This was predominantly due to the opening of universities that have resumed in-class learning during the second half of 2022.

As at June 30, 2023, occupancy at the REIT's single property located in Edmonton, Alberta, at 88.4%, increased from 70.4% at June 30, 2022, due to the high proportion of tenants who attend nearby universities that have resumed in-class learning during the second half of 2022, although seasonally there are a higher number of move-outs during the second quarter prior to the start of university classes in the fall.

U.S. PROPERTIES

As at June 30, 2023, U.S. Same Property AMR per suite increased by 9.0% compared to June 30, 2022. Same Property AMR growth was led by North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Colorado, Illinois and Texas, as these regions continue to show signs of solid market fundamentals.

As at June 30, 2023, Same Property AMR at the REIT's properties located in Chicago increased by 8.1% compared to June 30, 2022, due to stabilized occupancy and increased rental demand. In addition, management's focus has shifted to finding the optimal balance of occupancy and market rent growth in the REIT's Chicago market. Market rents are expected to maintain current levels through the busy summer leasing season, as occupancies have remained strong.

Further adding to the REIT's urban Chicago holdings, the REIT acquired Echelon Chicago during the third quarter of 2022, a 350-suite luxury high-rise in the West Loop constructed in 2008, and Xavier Apartments during the first quarter of 2023, a 240-suite residential property constructed in 2015. As at June 30, 2023, occupancies were stable at 96.4% and AMR was \$2,428, reflecting the quality of the assets acquired, further bolstering AMR within the portfolio.

The REIT continues to utilize revenue management tools aimed at balancing rent growth, traffic and renewal exposure. That balance has been maintained as management continues to adapt to evolving market conditions, matching expiring leases with new move-ins, using multiple technologies, including virtual leasing, contactless apartment tours and an artificial intelligence leasing assistant. The REIT has also maintained Same Property AMR growth during the second quarter within all of its submarkets while enjoying strong occupancies. Though management believes some supply challenges will continue in a few markets, demand continues to remain consistent throughout the portfolio. We expect this trend of AMR stability to continue through the summer months.

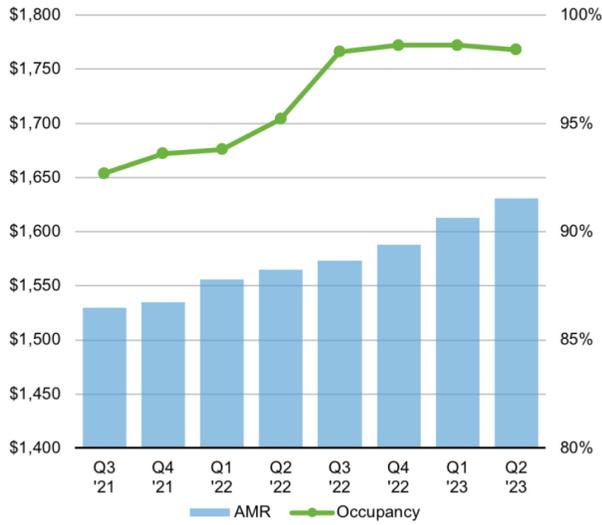
As at June 30, 2023, U.S. Same Property occupancy remained strong at 95.1% compared to 96.4% at June 30, 2022, while AMR levels continued to climb across the portfolio. Management's active leasing and renewal strategies continue to be successful as it continually monitors rents, lease term and exposure, enabling the portfolio to maintain solid rent growth and occupancies. Resident retention remains a major driver of occupancy as management focuses on providing value through excellent customer service, while increasing rents at reasonable rates.

Sequentially, as at June 30, 2023, U.S. Same Property occupancy of 95.1% increased slightly compared to 95.0% as at March 31, 2023. Stable and optimal occupancy levels were achieved in part by higher rents coupled with strong demand and generally lower suite turnover. In addition, and across multiple regions, a lack of supply and high demand for single family homes, attracted former homeowners to sell their properties and move to rentals. This trend has continued through several interest rate hikes by the Federal Reserve Board. Looking ahead, with mortgage rates above 7%, home ownership will be unattainable for many, making renting the more reasonable choice. Because of that, management believes occupancies should continue to remain strong.

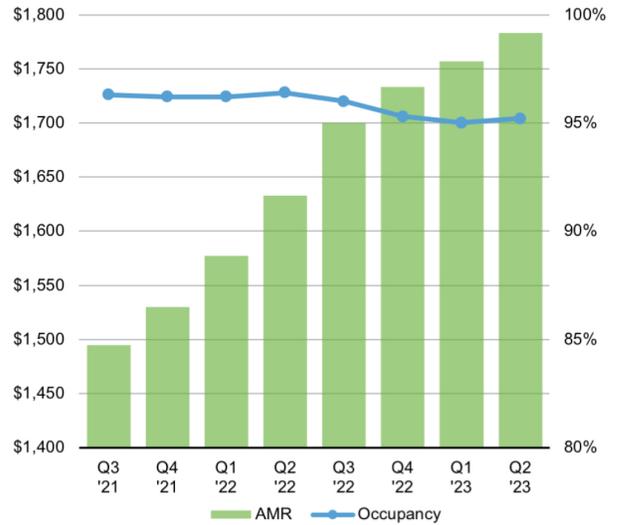
For the six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT's rental incentives amounted to \$417 (2022 - \$476), mainly at properties that were impacted by new supply and increased vacancy in urban markets. Incentives were used on an as-needed basis in those limited submarkets to compete with new inventory.

The following table details AMR (in actual dollars), stated in local currency, and occupancy of the REIT's Same Property portfolio at each quarter end since September 30, 2021:

CANADA



U.S.



PART III

REVIEW OF OPERATIONAL RESULTS

The REIT's operational results are summarized below:

(In thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue from real estate properties	\$83,326	\$67,392	\$162,974	\$132,649
Property operating expenses				
Property operating costs	(22,749)	(17,818)	(44,256)	(34,994)
Realty taxes	(2,457)	(2,600)	(35,252)	(28,008)
Utilities	(4,626)	(4,518)	(10,664)	(9,767)
Net operating income	53,494	42,456	72,802	59,880
Other expenses (income)				
Interest expense	18,613	12,629	36,762	30,330
Trust expenses	5,784	4,595	10,961	8,776
Equity income from investments	(1,456)	(4,512)	(4,210)	(6,160)
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	23	(32)	24	(17)
Other expenses (income)	100	(748)	(619)	(1,157)
Income before fair value changes and income taxes	30,430	30,524	29,884	28,108
Fair value gain on real estate properties, net	62,555	109,077	129,243	355,806
Fair value gain (loss) on Class B LP Units	9,473	55,631	(11,195)	22,907
Income before income taxes	102,458	195,232	147,932	406,821
Provision for income taxes				
Current	34	40	68	72
Deferred	14,909	28,642	26,100	69,057
	14,943	28,682	26,168	69,129
Net income for the period	\$87,515	\$166,550	\$121,764	\$337,692
Net income attributable to:				
Unitholders	\$81,227	\$162,601	\$110,722	\$325,031
Non-controlling interest	6,288	3,949	11,042	12,661
	\$87,515	\$166,550	\$121,764	\$337,692

REVENUE FROM REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

Higher rental revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, is mainly due to rental rate increases, lower vacancy and foreign exchange fluctuations and the net impact from the acquisition and disposition of properties.

NET OPERATING INCOME

The following tables provide the NOI and Proportionate NOI for the REIT's consolidated Canadian and U.S. operations and present the following non-GAAP financial measures/ratios: Proportionate NOI, Same Property Proportionate NOI and Proportionate NOI margin. These non-GAAP measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers in similar or different industries. These measures should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as substitutes for related financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS. Additional information on these non-GAAP financial measures/ratios can be found under the section Part I, "Specified Financial Measures."

Same Property results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, measures the operating performance for properties owned and have reached stabilization by the REIT continuously since April 1, 2022 and January 1, 2022, respectively, and excludes the following properties: i) Briarhill Apartments in Atlanta, Georgia, sold during the second quarter of 2022; ii) Greenbrier Estates in Slidell, Louisiana, sold during the third quarter of 2022; iii) Blue Isle Apartment Homes in Coconut Creek, Florida, sold during the fourth quarter of 2022; iv) Echelon Chicago and Rockville Town Square, acquired during the third quarter of 2022; and v) Fenestra at Rockville Town Square (50% interest) and Xavier Apartments, acquired during the first quarter of 2023.

Same Property and Same Property Proportionate results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 both represent 11,317 and 11,479 residential suites, respectively.

Net Operating Income - Three months ended June 30, 2023

The following table provides the consolidated net operating income for the REIT's Canadian and U.S. properties:

For the three months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023		2022	
	NOI	Proportionate NOI	NOI	Proportionate NOI
Revenue from properties				
Same Property				
Gross rental revenue (before vacancy and ancillary revenue)	\$70,270	\$69,950	\$61,848	\$63,372
Vacancy	(3,188)	(3,182)	(3,279)	(3,432)
Ancillary	5,958	5,791	4,864	4,677
Same Property	73,040	72,559	63,433	64,617
Acquisition/Disposition	10,286	10,286	3,959	3,959
Total revenue from properties	83,326	82,845	67,392	68,576
Property operating expenses				
Same Property				
Operating costs	19,320	19,109	16,229	16,653
Realty taxes	2,659	8,993	2,601	8,035
Utilities	4,262	4,241	4,368	4,489
Same Property	26,241	32,343	23,198	29,177
Acquisition/Disposition	3,591	5,264	1,738	2,298
Total property operating expenses	29,832	37,607	24,936	31,475
NOI				
Same Property	46,799	40,216	40,235	35,440
Acquisition/Disposition	6,695	5,022	2,221	1,661
Total NOI	\$53,494	\$45,238	\$42,456	\$37,101
NOI margin	64.2%	54.6%	63.0%	54.1%

For the three months ended June 30, 2023, NOI from the REIT's properties increased by \$11,038 (or 26.0%) to \$53,494, compared to \$42,456 in 2022. The increase in NOI is due to an increase in Same Property NOI of \$6,564 (or 16.3%) and a net increase in NOI of \$4,474 from acquisition and disposition of properties. The Same Property increase of \$6,564 is due to an increase in Canada of \$2,160 (or 16.0%), an increase in the U.S. of US\$2,237 (or 10.7%) and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased NOI by \$2,167.

For the three months ended June 30, 2023, Proportionate NOI from the REIT's properties increased by \$8,137 (or 21.9%) to \$45,238, compared to \$37,101 in 2022. The increase in Proportionate NOI is due to an increase in Same Property Proportionate NOI of \$4,776 (or 13.5%) and a net increase in Proportionate NOI of \$3,361 from acquisition and disposition of properties. The Same Property increase of \$4,776 is due to an increase in Canada of \$2,150 (or 16.0%), an increase in the U.S. of US\$1,098 (or 6.4%) and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased Proportionate NOI by \$1,528.

The following table provides the consolidated net operating income for the REIT's Canadian and U.S. properties in local currency:

For the three months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023		2022	
	NOI	Proportionate NOI	NOI	Proportionate NOI
Same Property NOI - Canada (local currency)	\$15,669	\$15,579	\$13,509	\$13,429
Same Property NOI - U.S. (local currency)	23,177	18,343	20,940	17,245
Acquisition/Disposition (local currency)	4,984	3,736	1,741	1,302
Exchange amount to Canadian dollars	9,664	7,580	6,266	5,125
Total NOI	\$53,494	\$45,238	\$42,456	\$37,101

The following table provides the NOI and Proportionate NOI for the REIT's Canadian properties:

For the three months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023		2022	
	NOI	Proportionate NOI	NOI	Proportionate NOI
Revenue from properties				
Gross rental revenue (before vacancy and ancillary revenue)	\$25,824	\$25,682	\$24,888	\$24,753
Vacancy	(570)	(568)	(1,407)	(1,403)
Ancillary ⁽¹⁾	1,269	1,263	1,037	1,031
Revenue from properties	26,523	26,377	24,518	24,381
Property operating expenses				
Operating costs	5,607	5,579	5,339	5,312
Realty taxes	2,723	2,706	2,661	2,644
Utilities	2,524	2,513	3,009	2,996
Total property operating expenses	10,854	10,798	11,009	10,952
NOI	\$15,669	\$15,579	\$13,509	\$13,429
NOI margin	59.1%	59.1%	55.1%	55.1%

(1) Ancillary revenue mainly comprises parking, laundry and cable income; amortized rent concessions and storage fees. Ancillary revenue also includes commercial revenue, net of vacancy.

For the three months ended June 30, 2023, NOI from the Canadian properties increased by \$2,160 (or 16.0%) to \$15,669, compared to \$13,509 in 2022. The increase in NOI is primarily due to an increase in revenue of \$2,005 (or 8.2%) from higher gross rental revenue (3.8%) resulting from an increase in AMR and lower vacancy due to improved leasing activity, partially offset by a decrease in operating expenses of \$155 (or 1.4%). The decrease in operating expenses was due to lower utilities of \$485, partially offset by an increase in realty taxes of \$62, and higher operating costs of \$268 from an increase in general and administrative expenses, payroll cost, insurance expense and property management fees. The decrease in utilities was mainly due to: i) a decrease in water consumption resulting from the completion of a toilet retrofit project at certain GTA properties, partially offset by an increase in water rate, and ii) a decrease in hydro consumption, partly offset by an increase in hydro rates and reduced rebates under Ontario Electricity Rebate program. The increase in realty taxes was due to higher assessed market values at certain properties.

For the three months ended June 30, 2023, Proportionate NOI from the Canadian properties increased by \$2,150 (or 16.0%) to \$15,579, compared to \$13,429 in 2022. The increase in Proportionate NOI is due to an increase in revenue of \$1,996 (or 8.2%) from higher gross rental revenue (3.8%) resulting from an increase in AMR and lower vacancy due to improved leasing activity, and a decrease in operating expenses of \$154 (or 1.4%). The decrease in operating expenses was due to lower utilities of \$483, partially offset by higher operating costs of \$267 and an increase in realty taxes of \$62 for the same reasons described above.

The REIT's Canadian NOI margin and Proportionate NOI margin were 59.1% and 59.1%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2023, compared to 55.1% and 55.1%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2022. Overall, as noted above, the impact of lower vacancy, higher AMR and the decrease in operating expenses, contributed to the increase in NOI margin.

The following table provides the NOI and Proportionate NOI for the U.S. properties:

For the three months ended June 30 (In thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)	2023		2022	
	NOI	Proportionate NOI	NOI	Proportionate NOI
Revenue from properties				
Same Property				
Gross rental revenue (before vacancy and ancillary revenue)	\$33,087	\$32,956	\$28,952	\$30,181
Vacancy	(1,947)	(1,945)	(1,468)	(1,590)
Ancillary ⁽¹⁾	3,493	3,372	3,005	2,931
Same Property	34,633	34,383	30,489	31,522
Acquisition/Disposition	7,657	7,657	3,103	3,103
Total revenue from properties	42,290	42,040	33,592	34,625
Property operating expenses				
Same Property				
Operating costs	10,211	10,075	8,530	8,885
Realty taxes	(47)	4,680	(45)	4,224
Utilities	1,292	1,285	1,064	1,168
Same Property	11,456	16,040	9,549	14,277
Acquisition/Disposition	2,673	3,921	1,362	1,801
Total property operating expenses	14,129	19,961	10,911	16,078
NOI in US dollars				
Same Property	23,177	18,343	20,940	17,245
Acquisition/Disposition	4,984	3,736	1,741	1,302
Total NOI (in US dollars)	28,161	22,079	22,681	18,547
Exchange amount to Canadian dollars	9,664	7,580	6,266	5,125
NOI (in Canadian dollars)	\$37,825	\$29,659	\$28,947	\$23,672
NOI margin (in US dollars)	66.6%	52.5%	67.5%	53.6%

(1) Ancillary revenue mainly comprises parking, laundry and cable income; amortized rent concessions; storage fees; utility chargebacks and other fee income associated with moving in or out (such as application fees and cleaning fees), late rental payment fees from residents under the terms of the lease arrangements. Ancillary revenue also includes commercial revenue, net of vacancy.

For the three months ended June 30, 2023, NOI from the U.S. properties increased by \$8,878 (or 30.7%) to \$37,825, compared to \$28,947 in 2022. The increase in NOI is primarily due to an increase in Same Property NOI of US\$2,237 (or 10.7%), a net increase in NOI of US\$3,243 from the acquisition and disposition of properties, and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased NOI by \$3,398. The Same Property NOI increase was due to an increase in revenue of US\$4,144 (or 13.6%) from higher gross rental revenue (14.3%) resulting from an increase in AMR, net of higher vacancy and an increase in ancillary revenue, partially offset by an increase in operating expenses of US\$1,907 (or 20.0%). The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to higher operating costs of US\$1,681 and an increase in utilities of US\$228, partially offset by a decrease in realty taxes of US\$2. The increase in operating costs was mainly due to an increase in general and administrative expenses (higher bad debt expense and software licenses), payroll costs (hiring of vacant positions), insurance expense (higher premiums), repairs and maintenance (higher make-ready and contract expenses), as well as higher property management fees. The increase in utilities is due to an increase in municipal water rates. The decrease in realty taxes was impacted by the IFRIC 21 adjustment, partially offset by an increase in taxes due to an increase in assessed value at certain properties.

For the three months ended June 30, 2023, Proportionate NOI from the U.S. properties increased by US\$5,987 (or 25.3%) to \$29,659, compared to \$23,672 in 2022. The increase in Proportionate NOI is due to an increase in Same Property Proportionate NOI of US\$1,098 (or 6.4%), a net increase in Proportionate NOI of US\$2,434 from the acquisition and disposition of properties, and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased Proportionate NOI by \$2,455. The Same Property Proportionate NOI increase was due to an increase in revenue of US\$2,861 (or 9.1%) from higher gross rental revenue (9.2%) resulting from an increase in AMR, net of higher vacancy and an increase in ancillary revenue, partially offset by an increase in operating expenses of US\$1,763 (or 12.3%). The increase in operating expenses was due to higher operating costs of US\$1,190, an increase in realty taxes of US\$456, and an increase in utilities of US\$117 for the same reasons described above. The increase in realty taxes of US\$456 is due to an increase in assessed value at certain properties.

The REIT's U.S. NOI margin and Proportionate NOI margin were 66.6% and 52.5%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2023, compared to 67.5% and 53.6%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The NOI margin and Proportionate NOI margin were both impacted by an increase in Same Property revenue and the positive impact of NOI from the net acquisition and disposition activity. In addition, the NOI margin was impacted by accounting for realty taxes under IFRIC 21.

Net Operating Income

The following table provides the consolidated net operating income for the REIT's Canadian and U.S. properties:

For the six months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023		2022	
	NOI	Proportionate NOI	NOI	Proportionate NOI
Revenue from properties				
Same Property				
Gross rental revenue (before vacancy and ancillary revenue)	\$139,940	\$139,307	\$121,937	\$124,944
Vacancy	(6,244)	(6,238)	(6,824)	(7,045)
Ancillary	11,508	11,246	9,129	8,777
Same Property	145,204	144,315	124,242	126,676
Acquisition/Disposition	17,770	17,770	8,407	8,407
Total revenue from properties	162,974	162,085	132,649	135,083
Property operating expenses				
Same Property				
Operating costs	38,045	37,666	31,767	32,544
Realty taxes	30,743	18,137	25,539	15,883
Utilities	10,000	9,989	9,459	9,716
Same Property	78,788	65,792	66,765	58,143
Acquisition/Disposition	11,384	9,391	6,004	4,712
Total property operating expenses	90,172	75,183	72,769	62,855
NOI				
Total Same Property	66,416	78,523	57,477	68,533
Acquisition/Disposition	6,386	8,379	2,403	3,695
Total NOI	\$72,802	\$86,902	\$59,880	\$72,228
NOI margin	44.7%	53.6%	45.1%	53.5%

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, NOI from the REIT's properties increased by \$12,922 (or 21.6%) to \$72,802, compared to \$59,880 in 2022. The increase in NOI is due to an increase in Same Property NOI of \$8,939 (or 15.6%) and a net increase in NOI of \$3,983 from the acquisition and disposition of properties. The Same Property increase of \$8,939 is due to an increase in Canada of \$3,741 (or 14.4%), an increase in the U.S. of US\$2,590 (or 10.5%), and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased NOI by \$2,608.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, Proportionate NOI from the REIT's properties increased by \$14,674 (or 20.3%) to \$86,902, compared to \$72,228 in 2022. The increase in Proportionate NOI is due to an increase in Same Property Proportionate NOI of \$9,990 (or 14.6%) and an increase in Proportionate NOI of \$4,684 from the acquisition and disposition of properties. The Same Property increase of \$9,990 is due to an increase in Canada of \$3,723 (or 14.5%), an increase in the U.S. of US\$2,752 (or 8.2%), and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased Proportionate NOI by \$3,515.

The following table provides the consolidated net operating income for the REIT's Canadian and U.S. properties in local currency:

For the six months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023		2022	
	NOI	Proportionate NOI	NOI	Proportionate NOI
Same Property NOI - Canada (local currency)	\$29,638	\$29,463	\$25,897	\$25,740
Same Property NOI - U.S. (local currency)	27,361	36,408	24,771	33,656
Acquisition/Disposition (local currency)	4,758	6,221	1,884	2,908
Exchange amount to Canadian dollars	11,045	14,810	7,328	9,924
Total NOI	\$72,802	\$86,902	\$59,880	\$72,228

The following table provides the NOI and Proportionate NOI for the REIT's Canadian properties:

For the six months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023		2022	
	NOI	Proportionate NOI	NOI	Proportionate NOI
Revenue from properties				
Gross rental revenue (before vacancy and ancillary revenue)	\$51,389	\$51,107	\$49,573	\$49,304
Vacancy	(1,128)	(1,124)	(3,102)	(3,092)
Ancillary ⁽¹⁾	2,406	2,394	2,064	2,054
Revenue from properties	52,667	52,377	48,535	48,266
Property operating expenses				
Operating costs	11,092	11,037	10,671	10,619
Realty taxes	5,429	5,396	5,306	5,273
Utilities	6,508	6,481	6,661	6,634
Total property operating expenses	23,029	22,914	22,638	22,526
NOI	\$29,638	\$29,463	\$25,897	\$25,740
NOI margin	56.3%	56.3%	53.4%	53.3%

(1) Ancillary revenue mainly comprises parking, laundry and cable income, amortized rent concessions and storage fees. Ancillary revenue also includes commercial revenue, net of vacancy.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, NOI from the Canadian properties increased by \$3,741 (or 14.4%) to \$29,638, compared to \$25,897 in 2022. The increase in NOI is primarily due to an increase in revenue of \$4,132 (or 8.5%) from higher gross rental revenue (3.7%) resulting from an increase in AMR and lower vacancy due to improved leasing activity, partially offset by an increase in operating expenses of \$391 (or 1.7%). The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to higher operating costs of \$421 and an increase in realty taxes of \$123, partially offset by lower utilities of \$153. The increase in operating expenses was mainly due to an increase in general and administrative costs, insurance expense and property management fees. The increase in realty taxes is due to an increase in assessed value at certain properties. The decrease in utilities was mainly due to: i) a decrease in water consumption resulting from the completion of a toilet retrofit project at certain GTA properties, partially offset by an increase in water rate, ii) a decrease hydro consumption, partly offset by an increase in hydro rates and reduced rebates under Ontario Electricity Rebate program, and iii) an increase in gas rates, net of lower consumption.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, Proportionate NOI from the Canadian properties increased by \$3,723 (or 14.5%) to \$29,463, compared to \$25,740 in 2022. The increase in Proportionate NOI is due to an increase in revenue of \$4,111 (or 8.5%), from higher gross rental revenue (3.7%) resulting from an increase in AMR and lower vacancy due to improved leasing activity, partially offset by an increase in operating expenses of \$388 (or 1.7%). The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to higher operating costs of \$418 and increase in realty taxes of \$123, partially offset by lower utilities of \$153, for the same reasons described above.

The REIT's Canadian NOI margin and Proportionate NOI margin were 56.3% and 56.3%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to 53.4% and 53.3%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2022. Overall, as noted above, the impact of lower vacancy and higher AMR, relative to the increase in operating expenses, contributed to the increase in NOI margin.

The following table provides the NOI and Proportionate NOI for the U.S. properties:

For the six months ended June 30 (In thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise noted)	2023		2022	
	NOI	Proportionate NOI	NOI	Proportionate NOI
Revenue from properties				
Same Property				
Gross rental revenue (before vacancy and ancillary revenue)	\$65,709	\$65,450	\$56,907	\$59,484
Vacancy	(3,796)	(3,795)	(2,929)	(3,111)
Ancillary ⁽¹⁾	6,762	6,574	5,565	5,295
Same Property	68,675	68,229	59,543	61,668
Acquisition/Disposition	13,192	13,192	6,616	6,616
Total revenue from properties	81,867	81,421	66,159	68,284
Property operating expenses				
Same Property				
Operating costs	20,006	19,764	16,590	17,242
Realty taxes	18,717	9,454	15,982	8,347
Utilities	2,591	2,603	2,200	2,423
Same Property	41,314	31,821	34,772	28,012
Acquisition/Disposition	8,434	6,971	4,732	3,708
Total property operating expenses	49,748	38,792	39,504	31,720
NOI (in U.S. dollars)				
Same Property	27,361	36,408	24,771	33,656
Acquisition/Disposition	4,758	6,221	1,884	2,908
Total NOI (in U.S. dollars)	32,119	42,629	26,655	36,564
Exchange amount to Canadian dollars	11,045	14,810	7,328	9,924
NOI (in Canadian dollars)	\$43,164	\$57,439	\$33,983	\$46,488
NOI margin (in U.S. dollars)	39.2%	52.4%	40.3%	53.5%

(1) Ancillary revenue mainly comprises parking, laundry and cable income; amortized rent concessions; storage fees; utility chargebacks and other fee income associated with moving in or out (such as application fees and cleaning fees), late rental payment fees from residents under the terms of the lease arrangements. Ancillary revenue also includes commercial revenue, net of vacancy.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, NOI from the U.S. properties increased by \$9,181 (or 27.0%) to \$43,164, compared to \$33,983 in 2022. The increase in NOI is primarily due to an increase in Same Property NOI of US\$2,590 (or 10.5%), a net increase in NOI of US\$2,874 from the acquisition and disposition of properties, and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased NOI by \$3,717. The Same Property NOI increase was due to an increase in revenue of US\$9,132 (or 15.3%) from higher gross rental revenue (15.5%) resulting from an increase in AMR and ancillary revenue, net of higher vacancy, partially offset by an increase in operating expenses of US\$6,542 (or 18.8%). The increase in operating expenses was due to higher operating costs of US\$3,416, an increase in realty taxes of US\$2,735 and an increase in utilities of US\$391. The increase in operating costs is primarily due to an increase in general and administrative expenses (higher bad debt expense and software licenses), payroll costs (hiring of vacant positions), insurance expense (higher premiums), repairs and maintenance (higher make-ready and contract expenses) as well as higher property management fees. The increase in realty taxes is mainly due to a higher IFRIC 21 adjustment as well as an increase in assessed market value at certain properties and a lower tax rebate received in the first half of 2023 compared to 2022. The increase in utilities is due to an increase in municipal water rates.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, Proportionate NOI from the U.S. properties increased by \$10,951 (or 23.6%) to \$57,439, compared to \$46,488 in 2022. The increase in Proportionate NOI is due to an increase in Same Property Proportionate NOI of US\$2,752 (or 8.2%), a net increase in Proportionate NOI of US\$3,313 from the acquisition and disposition of properties, and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased Proportionate NOI by \$4,886. The Same Property Proportionate NOI increase was due to an increase in revenue of US\$6,561 (or 10.6%) from higher gross rental revenue (10.0%) resulting from an increase in AMR and ancillary revenue, net of higher vacancy, partially offset by an increase in operating expenses of US\$3,809 (or 13.6%). The increase in operating expenses was due to higher operating costs of US\$2,522, an increase in realty taxes of US\$1,107, and an increase in utilities of US\$180 for the same reasons described above.

The REIT's U.S. NOI margin and Proportionate NOI margin were 39.2% and 52.4%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to 40.3% and 53.5%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The NOI margin and Proportionate NOI margin were both impacted by the increase in Same Property operating expenses, relative to the increase in Same Property revenue as well as the negative impact on NOI margin from the net acquisition and disposition activity. In addition, the NOI margin was impacted by accounting for realty taxes under IFRIC 21.

INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense consists of the following:

(In thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest on mortgages	\$13,692	\$10,801	\$26,617	\$21,444
Interest on convertible debentures	838	959	1,906	1,902
Interest on lease liability	232	109	467	217
Amortization of mark-to-market adjustment on mortgages	185	—	391	—
Amortization of deferred financing costs	715	681	1,428	1,345
Amortization of deferred financing costs on convertible debentures	100	182	291	363
Fair value gain on conversion option on the convertible debentures	(249)	(3,297)	(538)	(1,147)
Loss on extinguishment of mortgages payable	—	181	—	181
Interest expense before distributions on Class B LP Units	15,513	9,616	30,562	24,305
Distributions on Class B LP Units	3,100	3,013	6,200	6,025
	\$18,613	\$12,629	\$36,762	\$30,330

Total interest expense increased by \$5,984 during the three months ended June 30, 2023, to \$18,613, compared to \$12,629 in 2022. The increase is predominantly due to an increase in interest on mortgages of \$2,891, an increase in amortization of mark-to-market adjustment on mortgages of \$185, and a lower non-cash fair value gain on the convertible debentures' conversion option of \$3,048. The increase in interest on mortgages is largely attributable to the REIT's refinancings at higher interest rates and additional net mortgage proceeds, and the net impact of acquisition and dispositions. The change in foreign exchange rate increased interest expense on U.S. mortgages by \$591, excluding impact of acquisition and dispositions.

Interest expense increased by \$6,432 during the six months ended June 30, 2023, to \$36,762, compared to \$30,330 in 2022. The increase is predominantly due to an increase in interest on mortgages of \$5,173, an increase in amortization of mark-to-market adjustment on mortgages of \$391, and a lower non-cash fair value gain on the convertible debentures' conversion option of \$609. The increase in interest on mortgages is largely attributable to the REIT's refinancings at higher interest rates and additional net mortgage proceeds, and the net impact of acquisitions and dispositions. The change in foreign exchange rate increased interest expense on U.S. mortgages by \$1,171, excluding the impact of dispositions and acquisitions.

Under IFRS, the Class B LP Units are classified as financial liabilities, and the corresponding distributions paid to the Unitholders are classified as interest expense. The REIT believes these distribution payments do not represent financing charges because these amounts are payable only if the REIT declares distributions and only for the amount of any distributions declared, both of which are at the discretion of the Board of Trustees as outlined in the Declaration of Trust. The total distributions paid and accrued to Class B LP Unitholders for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$3,100 (2022 - \$3,013) and \$6,200 (2022 - \$6,025), respectively.

TRUST EXPENSES

Trust expenses consist of the following:

(In thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Asset management fees and distributions	\$4,956	\$3,951	\$9,480	\$7,499
Professional fees	271	255	585	536
Public company expenses	205	196	405	389
Other	352	193	491	352
	\$5,784	\$4,595	\$10,961	\$8,776

Trust expenses increased by \$1,189 during the three months ended June 30, 2023, to \$5,784, compared to \$4,595 in 2022, and increased by \$2,185 during the six months ended June 30, 2023, to \$10,961, compared to \$8,776 in 2022. The increase during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 is predominantly due to higher asset management fees and distributions, resulting from an increase in incentive distributions from higher FFO per Unit as well as increase in gross book value (see Part VI, "Related Party Transactions").

EQUITY INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

The REIT has a 50% interest in one property (two properties prior to January 5, 2023) comprising 690 suites located in Chicago, Illinois, in which the REIT has joint control of the investment. On January 5, 2023, the REIT's investment in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square was reclassified to investment properties on the acquisition of the remaining interest in the property.

Equity income from investment for the three months ended June 30, 2023, was \$1,456 and included a non-cash fair value loss of \$384 and an IFRIC 21 adjustment of \$741. For the three months ended June 30, 2022, equity income from investment was \$4,512 and included a non-cash fair value gain of \$2,578 and an IFRIC 21 adjustment of \$962. Excluding the impact of IFRIC 21, NOI decreased by \$300, predominantly due to the reclassification of equity interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square to investment properties.

Equity income from investment for the six months ended June 30, 2023, was \$4,210 and included a non-cash fair value gain on real estate properties of \$3,614 and an IFRIC 21 expense adjustment of \$1,499. For the six months ended June 30, 2022, equity income from investment was \$6,160 and included a non-cash fair value gain of \$6,326 and an IFRIC 21 expense adjustment of \$1,951. Excluding the impact of IFRIC 21, NOI decreased by \$534, predominantly due to the reclassification of equity interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square to investment properties.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE LOSS (GAIN)

IFRS requires monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies to be translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the reporting date, and any gain or loss is recognized in the consolidated statements of income. For the three months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT's foreign exchange loss amounted to \$23 (2022 - gain of \$32) and for the six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT's foreign exchange loss amounted to \$24 (2022 - gain of \$17), which is mainly the result of the fluctuation of the Canadian dollar against the United States dollar as at June 30, 2023, when compared to December 31, 2022.

OTHER EXPENSE (INCOME)

Other expense (income) mainly represents interest income earned or expense incurred on the Morguard Facility for advances made to/from Morguard and other expenses (income). For the three months ended June 30, 2023, other expense amounted to \$100 (2022 - income of \$748) and for the six months ended June 30, 2023, other income amounted to \$619 (2022 - \$1,157). The decrease in other income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 was predominantly due to lower interest income earned on the Morguard Facility. In addition, the decrease during the six months ended June 30, 2023, was partially offset by interest earned on restricted cash held as part of a 1031 Exchange amounting to \$565.

FAIR VALUE GAIN ON REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES, NET

The REIT elected to adopt the fair value model to account for its real estate properties, and changes in fair value each period have been recognized as fair value gain or loss in the consolidated statements of income. Fair value adjustments are determined based on the movement of various valuation parameters on a quarterly basis, including stabilized NOI and capitalization rates.

For the three months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT recognized a net fair value gain of \$62,555 (2022 - \$109,077). The fair value gain comprises \$21,767 at the REIT's Canadian properties and \$40,788 at the U.S. properties. The fair value gain was due to an increase in stabilized NOI across most of all the properties in the REIT's portfolio, net of a \$7,952 adjustment on realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT recognized a net fair value gain of \$129,243 (2022 - \$355,806). The fair value gain comprises \$35,613 at the REIT's Canadian properties and \$93,630 at the U.S. properties. The fair value gain was due to an increase in stabilized NOI across most of the properties in the REIT's portfolio. In addition, the U.S. fair value gain included a \$14,684 adjustment on realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21.

FAIR VALUE GAIN (LOSS) ON CLASS B LP UNITS

The Class B LP Units are classified as financial liabilities in accordance with IFRS and, as a result, are recorded at their fair value at each reporting date. As at June 30, 2023, the REIT valued the Class B LP Units based on the closing price of the TSX-listed Units, which resulted in a fair value liability of \$290,209 (December 31, 2022 - \$279,014) (see Part V, "Capital Structure and Debt Profile").

The REIT recognized a fair value gain of \$9,473 (2022 - \$55,631) for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and a fair value loss of \$11,195 (2022 - gain of \$22,907) for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The fair value gain/loss was due to an increase/decrease in the trading price of the REIT's Units (see Part V, "Capital Structure and Debt Profile").

INCOME TAXES

The REIT is a "mutual fund trust" pursuant to the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the "Act"). Under current tax legislation, a mutual fund trust that is not a Specified Investment Flow-Through ("SIFT") trust pursuant to the Act is entitled to deduct distributions of taxable income such that it is not liable to pay income taxes provided that its taxable income is fully distributed to Unitholders. The REIT intends to continue to qualify as a mutual fund trust that is not a SIFT trust and to make distributions not less than the amount necessary to ensure that the REIT will not be liable to pay income taxes.

Certain of the REIT's operations or a portion thereof are conducted through its taxable U.S. subsidiaries, which are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate income taxes.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT recorded current tax expense of \$34 (2022 - \$40) and \$68 (2022 - \$72), respectively.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT recorded deferred tax expense for U.S. federal and state taxes associated with the U.S. subsidiaries of \$14,909 (2022 - \$28,642) and \$26,100 (2022 - \$69,057), respectively. The deferred tax expense is attributable to a fair value increase recorded under IFRS on U.S. properties.

The REIT's income tax provision consists of the following:

(In thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current	\$34	\$40	\$68	\$72
Deferred	14,909	28,642	26,100	69,057
Provision for income taxes	\$14,943	\$28,682	\$26,168	\$69,129

As at June 30, 2023, the U.S. subsidiaries of the REIT have total net operating losses of approximately US\$34,218 (December 31, 2022 - US\$44,622) of which deferred tax assets were recognized, comprising US\$6,592 (December 31, 2022 - US\$16,996) that will expire in various years commencing in 2032 and US\$27,626 (December 31, 2022 - US\$27,626) that can be carried forward indefinitely.

As at June 30, 2023, the REIT's U.S. subsidiaries have a total of US\$26,336 (December 31, 2022 - US\$20,929) of unutilized interest expense deductions on which deferred tax assets were recognized.

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

FFO (and FFO per Unit) is a non-GAAP financial measure that does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and is not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers in similar or different industries. This measure should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as substitutes for related financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS. FFO is computed by the REIT in accordance with the current definition of the Real Property Association of Canada ("REALPAC") and is widely used as a real estate industry standard that supplements net income and evaluates operating performance but is not indicative of funds available to meet the REIT's cash requirements. Additional information on this non-GAAP financial measure can be found under the section Part I, "Specified Financial Measures."

The following table provides a reconciliation of FFO to its closely related financial statement measurement for the following periods:

(In thousands of dollars, except per Unit amounts)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net income for the period attributable to Unitholders	\$81,227	\$162,601	\$110,722	\$325,031
Add/(deduct):				
Realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21 ⁽¹⁾	(8,023)	(6,055)	14,829	12,233
Fair value gain on conversion option on the convertible debentures	(249)	(3,297)	(538)	(1,147)
Distributions on Class B LP Units recorded as interest expense ⁽²⁾	3,100	3,013	6,200	6,025
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	23	(32)	24	(17)
Fair value gain on real estate properties, net ⁽³⁾	(62,171)	(111,655)	(132,857)	(362,132)
Non-controlling interests' share of fair value gain on real estate properties	4,368	2,247	9,990	11,997
Fair value loss (gain) on Class B LP Units	(9,473)	(55,631)	11,195	(22,907)
Deferred income tax expense	14,909	28,642	26,100	69,057
FFO - basic	\$23,711	\$19,833	\$45,665	\$38,140
Interest expense on the convertible debentures	838	959	1,906	1,902
FFO - diluted	\$24,549	\$20,792	\$47,571	\$40,042
FFO per Unit - basic	\$0.42	\$0.35	\$0.81	\$0.68
FFO per Unit - diluted	\$0.42	\$0.34	\$0.80	\$0.66
Weighted average number of Units outstanding (in thousands):				
Basic ⁽⁴⁾	55,957	56,304	56,118	56,298
Diluted ^{(4) (5)}	58,276	60,537	59,485	60,531

(1) Realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21 (including equity-accounted investments) and excludes non-controlling interests' share.

(2) Under IFRS, the Class B LP Units are considered financial liabilities and, as a result of this classification, their corresponding distribution amounts are considered interest expense. The REIT believes these distribution payments do not truly represent financing charges because these amounts are payable only if the REIT declares distributions and only for the amount of any distributions declared, both of which are at the discretion of the Board of Trustees as outlined in the Declaration of Trust. Therefore, these distributions are excluded from the calculation of FFO.

(3) Includes fair value adjustment on real estate properties for equity-accounted investments.

(4) For purposes of calculating FFO per Unit, Class B LP Units are included as Units outstanding on both a basic and diluted basis.

(5) Includes the dilutive impact of the convertible debentures.

Basic FFO for the three months ended June 30, 2023, increased by \$3,878 (or 19.6%) to \$23,711 (\$0.42 per Unit), compared to \$19,833 (\$0.35 per Unit) in 2022. The increase is mainly due to higher Proportionate NOI of \$8,137, partially offset by an increase in interest expense of \$2,296 (calculated on a Proportionate Basis and excludes distributions on Class B LP Units and fair value adjustments on the conversion option on the convertible debentures), an increase in trust expense of \$1,121 (calculated on a Proportionate Basis) and a decrease in other income of \$848.

Basic FFO per Unit for the three months ended June 30, 2023, increased by \$0.07 to \$0.42 per Unit, compared to \$0.35 per Unit in 2022 due to the following factors:

- i) on a Same Property Proportionate Basis, in local currency, an increase in NOI from higher AMR and lower vacancy, partly offset by higher operating expenses, an increase in interest expense and trust expenses had a \$0.03 per Unit positive impact. In addition, a change in the foreign exchange rate had a \$0.02 per Unit positive impact, primarily resulting from an increase in FFO generated from U.S. properties;

- ii) the impact of acquisition, net of disposition of properties had a \$0.03 per Unit positive impact; and
- iii) a decrease in other income primarily from a decrease in interest income on the Morguard Facility, had a \$0.01 per Unit negative impact.

Basic FFO for the six months ended June 30, 2023, increased by \$7,525 (or 19.7%) to \$45,665 (\$0.81 per Unit), compared to \$38,140 (\$0.68 per Unit) in 2022. The increase is mainly due to higher Proportionate NOI of \$14,674, partially offset by an increase in interest expense of \$4,575 (calculated on a Proportionate Basis and excludes distributions on Class B LP Units and fair value adjustments on the conversion option on the convertible debentures), an increase in trust expenses of \$2,040 (calculated on a Proportionate Basis) and a decrease in other income of \$538.

Basic FFO per Unit for the six months ended June 30, 2023, increased by \$0.13 to \$0.81 per Unit, compared to \$0.68 per Unit in 2022 due to the following factors:

- i) on a Same Property Proportionate Basis, in local currency, an increase in NOI from higher AMR and lower vacancy, partly offset by higher operating expenses, an increase in interest expense and trust expenses had a \$0.06 per Unit positive impact. In addition, a change in the foreign exchange rate had a \$0.04 per Unit positive impact, primarily resulting from an increase in FFO generated from U.S. properties;
- ii) the impact of acquisition, net of disposition of properties had a \$0.03 per Unit positive impact; and
- iii) an increase in other income from interest income earned on restricted cash held as part of a 1031 Exchange offset a decrease in interest income on the Morguard Facility, had a \$nil per Unit impact.

DISTRIBUTIONS

Total distributions (including Class B LP Units) is a non-GAAP financial measure that does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and is not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers in similar or different industries. This measure should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as substitutes for related financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS. Additional information on this non-GAAP financial measure can be found under the section Part I, "Specified Financial Measures."

The Trustees have discretion with respect to the timing and amounts of distributions. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, total distributions amounted to \$10,083 (2022 - \$9,848) and \$20,219 (2022 - \$19,694), respectively.

Three months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023			2022		
	Class B LP		Total	Class B LP		Total
	Units	Units		Units	Units	
Distributions paid and declared	\$6,757	\$3,100	\$9,857	\$6,633	\$3,013	\$9,646
Distributions – DRIP	226	—	226	202	—	202
Total	\$6,983	\$3,100	\$10,083	\$6,835	\$3,013	\$9,848

Six months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023			2022		
	Class B LP		Total	Class B LP		Total
	Units	Units		Units	Units	
Distributions paid and declared	\$13,566	\$6,200	\$19,766	\$13,266	\$6,025	\$19,291
Distributions – DRIP	453	—	453	403	—	403
Total	\$14,019	\$6,200	\$20,219	\$13,669	\$6,025	\$19,694

The following table summarizes distributions paid to holders of Units in relation to net income and cash provided by operating activities:

(In thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30, 2023	Six months ended June 30, 2023	Year ended December 31, 2022	Year ended December 31, 2021
Net income	\$87,515	\$121,764	\$239,563	\$244,974
Cash provided by operating activities	34,433	52,330	75,173	63,696
Distributions - Units ⁽¹⁾	\$6,983	\$14,019	\$27,480	\$27,315
Excess of net income over distributions	\$80,532	\$107,745	\$212,083	\$217,659
Excess of cash provided by operating activities over distributions	\$27,450	\$38,311	\$47,693	\$36,381

(1) Excludes distributions on Class B LP Units since these were recorded as interest expense and, therefore, were deducted in calculating net income and cash provided by operating activities.

Net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, includes \$66,527 and \$81,474, respectively, of non-cash components relating to a fair value gain on real estate properties, fair value gain (loss) on Class B LP Units, equity income from investments, an IFRIC 21 adjustment to realty taxes and deferred taxes. Net income exceeded distributions when removing the impact of these non-cash items.

In determining the annual level of distributions to Unitholders, the REIT looks at forward-looking cash flow information, including forecasts and budgets, and the future prospects of the REIT. Furthermore, the REIT does not consider periodic cash flow fluctuations resulting from items such as the timing of property operating costs, property tax instalments or semi-annual debenture interest payments in determining the level of distributions to Unitholders in any particular quarter. Additionally, in establishing the level of distributions to the Unitholders, the REIT considers the impact of, among other items, the future growth in the income producing properties, the impact of future acquisitions and capital expenditures related to the income producing properties.

PART IV

BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

The REIT accounts for its real estate properties using the fair value model. The following table provides the regional allocation of real estate properties for the following periods:

As at (In thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Canadian Properties		
Alberta	\$50,000	\$50,200
Ontario	1,444,000	1,402,030
Total Canadian Properties	1,494,000	1,452,230
U.S. Properties (in US dollars)		
Colorado	125,100	119,500
Texas	217,400	207,900
Louisiana	51,900	49,500
Illinois	426,700	336,000
Georgia	117,800	111,700
Florida	525,599	505,800
North Carolina	194,700	185,300
Virginia	51,900	52,200
Maryland	184,141	37,699
	1,895,240	1,605,599
Impact of realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21	11,165	—
Total U.S. Properties (in US dollars)	1,906,405	1,605,599
Exchange amount to Canadian dollars	617,675	569,024
Total U.S. Properties (in Canadian dollars)	2,524,080	2,174,623
Total real estate properties	\$4,018,080	\$3,626,853

The value of real estate properties increased by \$391,227 as at June 30, 2023, to \$4,018,080, compared to \$3,626,853 at December 31, 2022. The increase is mainly the result of the following:

- An increase due to the acquisition of Xavier Apartments of \$113,805 (US\$83,829);
- An increase due to the acquisition of Fenestra at Rockville Town Square, net of mark-to-market adjustment of \$93,853 (US\$69,294);
- An increase from the transfer of the REIT's equity interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square of \$96,840 (US\$71,500);
- Capitalization of property enhancements of \$14,679;
- A net fair value gain on real estate properties of \$129,715; and
- A decrease of \$57,745 due to the change in U.S. dollar foreign exchange rate.

APPRAISAL CAPITALIZATION RATES

Morguard's appraisal division consists of Appraisal Institute of Canada ("AIC") designated Accredited Appraiser Canadian Institute ("AACI") members who are qualified to offer valuation and consulting services and expertise for all types of real property, all of whom are knowledgeable and have recent experience in the fair value techniques for investment properties. AACI designated members must adhere to AIC's Canadian Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice ("CUSPAP") and undertake ongoing professional development. Morguard's appraisal division is responsible for determining the fair value of investment properties every quarter. Morguard's valuation processes and results are reviewed by the REIT's senior management at least once every quarter, in line with the REIT's quarterly reporting dates.

Key assumptions used in determining the valuation of income producing properties include estimates of capitalization rates and stabilized net operating income (which is primarily influenced by revenue growth, vacancy rates, inflation rates and operating costs), pertain to forward-looking assumptions and market evidence, and accordingly could materially and adversely impact the underlying valuation of the REIT's income producing properties.

As at June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, the REIT had all its portfolio appraised by Morguard's appraisal division. In addition, the REIT's U.S. portfolio is appraised by independent U.S. real estate appraisal firms on a three-year cycle.

The REIT utilizes the direct capitalization income method to appraise its portfolio. This method requires that rental income from current leases and key assumptions about rental income, vacancies and inflation rates, among other factors, are used to determine a one-year stabilized net operating income forecast for each individual property within the REIT's portfolio and also considers any capital expenditures anticipated within the year. A capitalization rate was also determined for each property based on market information related to the external sale of similar properties within a similar location. These factors were used to determine the fair value of income producing properties at each reporting period.

As at June 30, 2023, using the direct capitalization income approach, the properties were valued using capitalization rates in the range of 3.8% to 6.0% (December 31, 2022 - 3.8% to 6.0%), resulting in an overall weighted average capitalization rate of 4.5% (December 31, 2022 - 4.4%).

The average capitalization rates by location are set out in the following table:

	June 30, 2023 Capitalization Rates			December 31, 2022 Capitalization Rates		
	Max.	Min.	Weighted Average	Max.	Min.	Weighted Average
Canada						
Alberta	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%
Ontario	4.3%	3.8%	3.9%	4.3%	3.8%	3.9%
United States						
Colorado	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%
Texas	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.5%	4.7%
Louisiana	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Illinois ⁽¹⁾	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%
Georgia	5.3%	4.8%	5.1%	5.3%	4.8%	5.0%
Florida	6.0%	4.5%	5.1%	6.0%	4.5%	5.1%
North Carolina	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%
Virginia	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%
Maryland ⁽¹⁾	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%

(1) Includes equity-accounted investments.

Fair values are most sensitive to changes in capitalization rates and stabilized net operating income. Generally, an increase in stabilized net operating income will result in an increase in the fair value of the income producing properties, and an increase in capitalization rates will result in a decrease in the fair value of the properties. The capitalization rate magnifies the effect of a change in stabilized net operating income, with a lower capitalization rate resulting in a greater impact on the fair value of the property than a higher capitalization rate. If the weighted average stabilized capitalization rate were to increase or decrease by 25 basis points (assuming no change in stabilized net operating income), the value of the income producing properties as at June 30, 2023, would decrease by \$208,733 or increase by \$233,692, respectively.

PROPERTY CAPITAL INVESTMENTS

The REIT has a continual capital improvement program with respect to its investment properties. The program is designed to maintain and improve the operating performance of the properties and has enhanced the value of the properties by allowing the REIT to charge higher rents or by enabling it to lower operating expenses. The capital investments have also increased resident retention by ensuring that the properties retain their attractiveness to both existing and prospective tenants.

The REIT is committed to improving its operating performance by incurring appropriate capital expenditures in order to replace and maintain the productive capacity of its property portfolio so as to sustain its rental income-generating potential over the portfolio's useful life. In accordance with IFRS, the REIT capitalizes all capital improvement expenditures on its properties which enhance the service potential of the property and extend the useful lives of the asset.

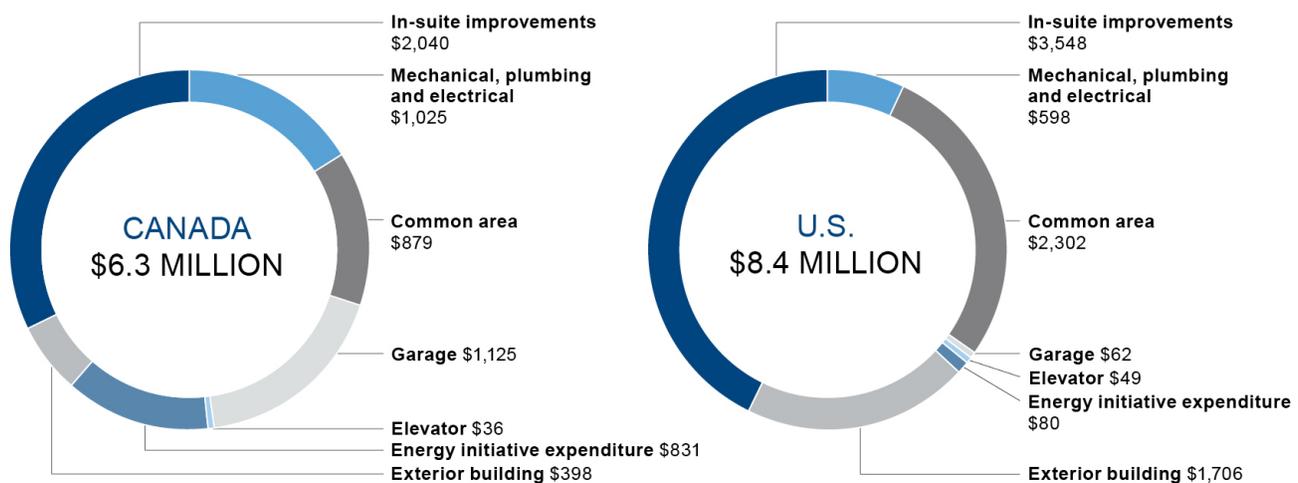
The following table provides additional details on total capital expenditures over the following periods:

(In thousands of dollars)	Six months ended June 30		Year ended December 31	
	2023	2022	2022	2021
Common area	\$3,181	\$2,182	\$6,583	\$3,848
Mechanical, plumbing and electrical	1,623	785	3,670	1,759
Exterior building	2,104	1,217	12,484	12,341
Garage	1,187	110	1,100	106
Elevator	85	127	263	201
Energy initiative expenditure	911	208	3,819	428
In-suite improvements	5,588	6,156	12,900	11,329
Total capital expenditures	\$14,679	\$10,785	\$40,819	\$30,012

Capital Expenditures by Region

The following details total capital expenditures by region:

For the six months ended June 30, 2023
(In thousands of dollars)



EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENTS

The following are the REIT's equity-accounted investments as at June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022:

Property	Place of Business	Investment Type	REIT's Ownership		Carrying Value	
			June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
The Fenestra	Rockville, MD	Joint Venture	—%	50%	\$—	\$52,857
Marquee at Block 37	Chicago, IL	Joint Venture	50%	50%	53,569	52,605
					\$53,569	\$105,462

On January 5, 2023, the REIT acquired from Morguard the remaining 50% interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square, at which point the carrying value of the 50% interest was transferred to each respective balance sheet line item including income producing properties in the amount of \$96,840 and mortgages payable in the amount of \$45,997.

The Marquee at Block 37 is a 38-storey apartment building located in the heart of downtown Chicago and features 690 suites and extensive best-in-class amenities.

The following table presents the change in the balance of the equity-accounted investments:

As at (In thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance, beginning of period	\$105,462	\$96,376
Transfer	(52,857)	—
Distributions received	(2,022)	(1,796)
Share of net income	4,210	3,822
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(1,224)	7,060
Balance, end of period	\$53,569	\$105,462

PART V

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

LIQUIDITY

The REIT has liquidity of \$156,500, comprised of approximately \$40,500 in cash, \$100,000 available credit under its revolving credit facility with Morguard Corporation and \$16,000 of additional net mortgage financing proceeds under commitment. In addition, the REIT has approximately \$209,000 of unencumbered assets.

Net cash flows from operating activities represent the primary source of liquidity to fund distributions and maintenance capital expenditures. The REIT's net cash flows from operating activities depend on the occupancy level of its rental properties, rental rates on its leases, collectability of rent from its tenants, level of operating expenses and other factors. Material changes in these factors may adversely affect the REIT's cash flows from operating activities and liquidity (see Part VII, "Risks and Uncertainties").

The REIT expects to be able to meet all of its obligations, including distributions to Unitholders, maintenance and property capital expenditure commitments as they become due, and to provide for the future growth of the business. The REIT expects to have sufficient liquidity as a result of cash flows from operating activities and financing available through the Morguard Facility. Accordingly, the REIT does not intend to repay maturing debt from cash flow but rather with proceeds from refinancing such debt, subject to certain conditions (see Part V, "Capital Structure and Debt Profile").

CASH FLOWS

The following table details the changes in cash for the following periods:

(In thousands of dollars)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash provided by operating activities	\$34,433	\$22,082	\$52,330	\$34,607
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(9,709)	86,259	(179,389)	82,380
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(9,863)	(100,909)	150,883	(104,722)
Net increase in cash during the period	14,861	7,432	23,824	12,265
Net effect of foreign currency translation on cash balance	1,494	2,232	2,111	2,050
Cash, beginning of the period	24,216	31,213	14,636	26,562
Cash, end of period	\$40,571	\$40,877	\$40,571	\$40,877

Three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended June 30, 2023, was \$34,433, compared to \$22,082 in 2022. The change during the period mainly relates to an increase in NOI (excluding IFRIC 21 adjustment) of \$8,848, an increase from distributions from equity-accounted investments of \$1,055 and an increase in non-cash operating assets and liabilities of \$7,670, partially offset by a decrease in other income of \$848, an increase in trust expense of \$1,189 and an increase in interest expense of \$2,980.

Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities during the three months ended June 30, 2023, totalled \$9,709, compared to cash provided by investing activities of \$86,259 during the same period in 2022. Cash used in investing activities during the period consists of capitalization of property enhancements of \$9,709.

Cash Used in Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities during the three months ended June 30, 2023, was \$9,863, compared to \$100,909 during the same period in 2022. The cash used in financing activities during the period was largely due to the repayment of mortgages on maturity of \$85,793, net repayments on Morguard Facility of \$49,355, mortgage principal installment repayments totalling \$8,200, the repurchase of Units for cancellation of \$7,980, and distributions paid to Unitholders of \$6,782, partially offset by the net proceeds from new mortgages of \$147,430 and a decrease in restricted cash of \$1,215.

Six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2023, was \$52,330, compared to \$34,607 in 2022. The change during the period mainly relates to an increase in NOI (excluding IFRIC 21 adjustment) of \$15,966, an increase from distributions from equity-accounted investments of \$1,642 and a net increase in non-cash operating assets and liabilities of \$8,848, partially offset by a decrease in other income of \$538, an increase in trust expenses of \$2,185 and an increase in interest expense of \$5,602.

Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2023, totalled \$179,389, compared to cash provided by investing activities of \$82,380 during the same period in 2022. The cash used in investing activities during the period consists of acquisition of income producing properties totalling \$164,710 and the capitalization of property enhancements of \$14,679.

Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2023, totalled \$150,883, compared to cash used in financing activities of \$104,722 during the same period in 2022. The cash provided by financing activities during the period was largely due to the net proceeds from new mortgages of \$147,430, a decrease in restricted cash of \$83,506 representing the net sales proceeds held by a qualified intermediary pursuant to the REIT utilizing the 1031 Exchange, the net proceeds from Morguard Facility of \$80,340 and net proceeds from the issuance of convertible debentures of \$53,590, partially offset by the repayment of mortgages on maturity of \$85,793, the redemption of maturing convertible debentures of \$85,500, mortgage principal instalment repayments of \$16,828, distributions paid to Unitholders of \$13,594 and the repurchase of Units for cancellation of \$11,458.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND DEBT PROFILE

The REIT's capital management is designed to maintain a level of capital that allows it to implement its business strategy while complying with investment and debt restrictions pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, as well as existing debt covenants, while continuing to build long-term Unitholder value and maintaining sufficient capital contingencies. Total capitalization is calculated as the sum of the principal amount of the REIT's total debt (including mortgages payable, convertible debentures, lease liabilities and amounts drawn under its revolving credit facility with Morguard), Unitholders' equity and Class B LP Units liability.

The total managed capital of the REIT is summarized below:

As at (In thousands of dollars)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Mortgages payable, principal balance	\$1,512,134	\$1,394,444
Convertible debentures, face value	56,000	85,500
Lease liabilities	15,855	16,235
Class B LP Units	290,209	279,014
Unitholders' equity	1,811,766	1,753,475
Total capitalization	\$3,685,964	\$3,528,668

DEBT PROFILE

As at June 30, 2023, the overall leverage, as represented by the ratio of total indebtedness to gross book value was 38.4%. The requirements of the REIT's operating policies as outlined in the Declaration of Trust include the requirement that the REIT will not incur or assume indebtedness if, after giving effect to the incurring or assumption of the indebtedness, the total indebtedness of the REIT would be more than 70% of the gross book value.

The interest coverage ratio and the indebtedness coverage ratio are calculated based on obligations associated with mortgages payable, lease liability, the convertible debentures and the Morguard Facility.

The following tables summarize the key liquidity metrics:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Total indebtedness to gross book value ⁽¹⁾	38.4%	38.0%
Weighted average mortgage interest rate ⁽²⁾	3.65%	3.50%
Weighted average term to maturity on mortgages payable (years)	5.2	4.9

(1) A calculation of indebtedness to gross book value (a non-GAAP ratio) and a reconciliation of the ratio's non-GAAP financial measure components from the IFRS financial statement presentation is presented under the section Part IX, "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

(2) Represents the contractual interest rates on mortgages payable.

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest coverage ratio ⁽¹⁾	2.55	2.58	2.51	2.53
Indebtedness coverage ratio ⁽²⁾	1.67	1.57	1.62	1.54

(1) A calculation of interest coverage ratio (a non-GAAP ratio) and a reconciliation of the ratio's non-GAAP financial measure components from the IFRS financial statement presentation is presented under the section Part IX, "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

(2) A calculation of indebtedness coverage ratio (a non-GAAP ratio) and a reconciliation of the ratio's non-GAAP financial measure components from the IFRS financial statement presentation is presented under the section Part IX, "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

MORTGAGES PAYABLE

Mortgages payable consist of the following:

As at (In thousands of dollars)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Principal balance of mortgages	\$1,512,134	\$1,394,444
Deferred financing costs	(14,363)	(12,270)
Mark-to-market adjustment	(2,596)	—
	\$1,495,175	\$1,382,174
Range of interest rates	2.03–7.10%	2.03–5.79%
Weighted average interest rate	3.65%	3.50%
Weighted average term to maturity (years)	5.2	4.9
Fair value of mortgages	\$1,402,325	\$1,291,966

As at June 30, 2023, the principal balance on the mortgages payable totalled \$1,512,134 (December 31, 2022 - \$1,394,444), the deferred financing costs associated with the mortgages amounted to \$14,363 (December 31, 2022 - \$12,270) and the mark-to-market adjustment amounted to \$2,596 (December 31, 2022 - \$nil).

Mortgages payable increased by \$113,001 as at June 30, 2023, to \$1,495,175, compared to \$1,382,174 at December 31, 2022. The increase is mainly due to the following:

- The repayment of mortgages totalling \$61,240 (US\$45,102) on two multi-suite residential properties, which were refinanced for an aggregate amount of \$89,574 (US\$65,970);
- The repayment of mortgages of \$24,553 on a multi-suite residential property, which was refinanced for an amount of \$61,137;
- An assumption of mortgage payable of \$45,997 (US\$33,961) on the acquisition of the remaining 50% interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square;
- A mark-to-market adjustment of \$3,049 (US\$2,251) on the mortgage payable assumed on the acquisition of the remaining 50% interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square;
- An increase of \$45,997 (US\$33,961) from the transfer of the REIT's equity interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square;
- Financing cost of \$3,281;
- Scheduled principal repayments of \$16,828;
- A decrease of \$22,191 due to the change in the U.S. dollar foreign exchange rate; and
- Amortization of deferred financing costs and mark-to-market adjustment on mortgages totalling \$1,819.

On April 28, 2023, the REIT completed the refinancing of two multi-suite residential properties located in Atlanta, Georgia, and Cary, North Carolina, for an aggregate amount of \$89,574 (US\$65,970) at an interest rate of 5.06% and for terms of 10 years. The maturing mortgages amounted to \$61,240 (US\$45,102) and had a weighted average interest rate of 3.51%.

On May 1, 2023, the REIT completed the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation ("CMHC") insured financing of a multi-suite residential property located in Toronto, Ontario, in the amount of \$61,137 at an interest rate of 4.18% and for a term of 10 years. The maturing mortgage amounted to \$24,553 and had an interest rate of 2.96%.

The REIT's first mortgages are registered against specific real estate assets and substantially all of the REIT's rental properties and related rental revenue have been pledged as collateral for the mortgages payable.

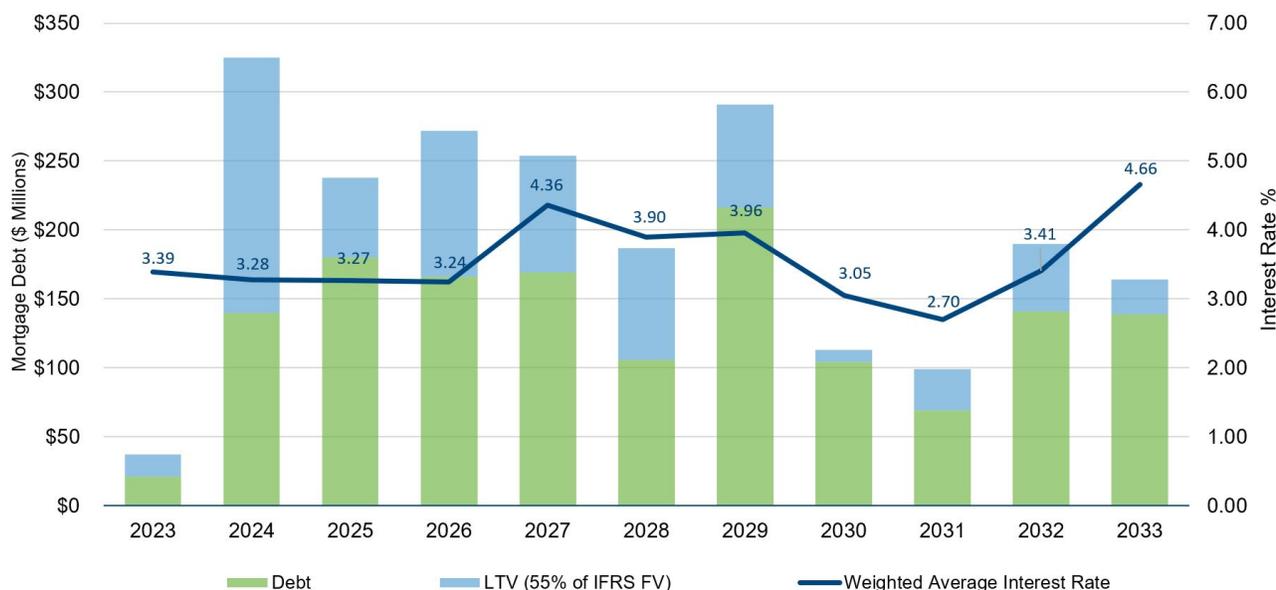
Short-term fluctuations in working capital are funded through the Morguard Facility. The REIT anticipates meeting all future obligations and has no off-balance-sheet financing arrangements.

The following table details the REIT's mortgages that are scheduled to mature in the next two years.

Asset Type	2023				2024			
	Number of Properties	Principal Maturing	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturing Loan-to-Value Ratio	Number of Properties	Principal Maturing	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturing Loan-to-Value Ratio
Canada	—	\$—	—%	—%	5	\$140,446	3.28%	23.8%
U.S.	2	20,673	3.39%	28.6%	—	—	—%	—%
	2	\$20,673	3.39%	28.6%	5	\$140,446	3.28%	23.8%

As at June 30, 2023, the following table illustrates the REIT's mortgages (including equity-accounted investment at the REIT's interest), along with the IFRS fair value (at a loan-to-value of 55%) secured against the mortgages by year of maturity:

As at June 30, 2023



CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

Convertible debentures consist of the following:

(In thousands of dollars)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
4.50% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures	\$—	\$85,223
6.00% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures	\$51,582	—
Fair value of conversion option	3,697	94
Unamortized financing costs	(2,310)	(191)
	\$52,969	\$85,126

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, interest on the convertible debentures amounting to \$838 (2022 - \$959) and \$1,906 (2022 - \$1,902), respectively, is included in interest expense.

4.50% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures

On February 13, 2018, the REIT issued \$75,000 principal amount of 4.50% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures (the "2018 Debentures") maturing on March 31, 2023. On February 21, 2018, an additional principal amount of \$10,500 was issued pursuant to the exercise of the over-allotment option. Interest was payable semi-annually, not in advance, on March 31 and September 30 of each year. The underwriters' commissions, legal and other issue costs attributable to the 2018 Debentures in the amount of \$3,375 have been capitalized and amortized over their term to maturity. Morguard owned \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Debentures.

On March 24, 2023, the REIT redeemed the 2018 Debentures in advance of their March 31, 2023 maturity date.

6.00% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures

On March 9, 2023, the REIT issued \$50,000 principal amount of 6.00% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures (the "2023 Debentures") maturing on March 31, 2028 (the "Maturity Date"). On March 17, 2023, an additional principal amount of \$6,000 was issued pursuant to the exercise of the over-allotment option. Interest is payable semi-annually, not in advance, on March 31 and September 30 of each year, commencing on September 30, 2023. The underwriters' commissions, legal and other issue costs attributable to the 2023 Debentures in the amount of \$2,410 have been capitalized and are being amortized over their term to maturity. Morguard and Paros Enterprises Limited (ultimate parent of Morguard), related parties, own \$5,000 and \$2,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Debentures, respectively.

As at June 30, 2023, \$56,000 of the face value of the 2023 Debentures were outstanding.

Each of the 2023 Debentures can be converted into fully paid, non-assessable and freely tradable Units at the option of the holder at any time prior to the close of business on the earlier of the Maturity Date and the business day immediately preceding the date specified by the REIT for redemption of the 2023 Debentures, at a conversion price of \$24.15 per Unit, being a ratio of approximately 41.4079 Units per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2023 Debentures.

From April 1, 2026 to March 31, 2027, the 2023 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, at the option of the REIT on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to the date fixed for redemption, provided that the volume weighted average trading price per Unit on the TSX (or such other exchange if the Units are not listed on the TSX) for the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the fifth trading day preceding the date on which notice of redemption is given (the "Current Market Price") is not less than 125% of the conversion price. From April 1, 2027, and prior to the Maturity Date, the 2023 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, at the option of the REIT on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to the date fixed for redemption. Subject to regulatory approval and other conditions, the REIT may, at its option, elect to satisfy its obligation to pay, in whole or in part, the principal amount of the 2023 Debentures that are to be redeemed or that have matured by issuing and delivering that number of freely tradable Units to the debentureholders obtained by dividing the principal amount of the 2023 Debentures being repaid by 95% of the Current Market Price on the date of redemption or maturity, as applicable.

MORGUARD FACILITY

The REIT has an unsecured revolving credit facility with Morguard (the "Morguard Facility") that provides for borrowings or advances that can be drawn or advanced either in Canadian dollars or an equivalent amount in United States dollars subject to the availability of sufficient funds. If in Canadian dollars, interest will be calculated either at the Canadian prime lending rate or at the bankers' acceptance rate plus 1.8%. If the borrowing or advance is in United States dollars, interest will be calculated either at the United States prime lending rate. The maximum allowable to be borrowed or advanced under the Morguard Facility is \$100,000.

As at June 30, 2023, the total amount receivable under the Morguard Facility was \$nil (December 31, 2022 - \$80,695).

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT recorded net interest expense of \$193 (2022 - net interest income of \$491) and net interest income of \$108 (2022 - \$853), respectively, on the Morguard Facility.

UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY, SPECIAL VOTING UNITS AND CLASS B LP UNITS

UNITS

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Units. Each Unit confers the right to one vote at any meeting of Unitholders and to participate *pro rata* in the distributions by the REIT and, in the event of termination or winding-up of the REIT, in the net assets of the REIT. The Unitholders have the right to require the REIT to redeem their Units on demand subject to certain conditions. The Units have no par value. Upon receipt of the redemption notice by the REIT, all rights to and under the Units tendered for redemption will cease and the holder thereof will be entitled to receive a price per Unit ("Redemption Price") as determined by a formula outlined in the Declaration of Trust. The Redemption Price will be paid in accordance with the conditions provided for in the Declaration of Trust.

The Trustees have discretion with respect to the timing and amounts of distributions.

The following table summarizes the changes in Units for the period from December 31, 2021, to June 30, 2023:

Issued and Fully Paid Units (In thousands, except Unit amounts)	Units	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2021	39,064,265	\$469,959
Units issued under DRIP	47,528	815
Balance, December 31, 2022	39,111,793	470,774
Units issued under DRIP	26,011	453
Units repurchased through the REIT's NCIB plan	(665,557)	(11,458)
Balance, June 30, 2023	38,472,247	\$459,769

NORMAL COURSE ISSUER BIDS

On January 8, 2022, the REIT had the approval of the TSX under its normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") to purchase up to 1,478,869 Units and \$4,024 principal amount of the 2018 Debentures. The program expired on January 7, 2023. On January 6, 2023, the REIT obtained the approval of the TSX under its NCIB, commencing January 10, 2023, to purchase up to 1,474,371 Units, being approximately 5% of the public float of outstanding Units; the program expires on January 9, 2024. The daily repurchase restriction for the Units is 8,461.

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, 665,557 Units were repurchased for cash consideration of \$11,458 at a weighted average price of \$17.22 per Unit.

DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PLAN

Under the REIT's Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRIP"), Unitholders can elect to reinvest cash distributions into additional Units at a weighted average closing price of the Units on the TSX for the five trading days immediately preceding the applicable date of distribution. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT issued 26,011 Units under the DRIP (year ended December 31, 2022 - 47,528 Units).

SPECIAL VOTING UNITS AND CLASS B LP UNITS

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Special Voting Units. The Declaration of Trust and the exchange agreement provide for the issuance of the Special Voting Units, which have no economic entitlement in the REIT or in the distribution or assets of the REIT but are used to provide voting rights proportionate to the votes of the Units to holders of securities exchangeable into Units, including the Class B LP Units. Each Special Voting Unit is not transferable separately from the Class B LP Unit to which it is attached and will be automatically redeemed and cancelled upon exchange of the attached Class B LP Unit into a Unit.

On April 18, 2012, the REIT issued 17,223,090 Class B LP Units to Morguard for \$172,231. The Class B LP Units are non-transferable, except under certain circumstances, but are exchangeable on a one-for-one basis into Units of the REIT at any time at the option of the holder. Prior to such exchange, distributions are made on the Class B LP Units in an amount equivalent to the distribution that would have been made had the Units of the REIT been issued. Each Class B LP Unit was accompanied by a Special Voting Unit that entitles the holder to receive notice of, attend and vote at all meetings of the Unitholders. There is no value assigned to the Special Voting Units.

As at June 30, 2023, the REIT valued the Class B LP Units based on the closing price of the TSX-listed Units which resulted in a fair value liability of \$290,209 (December 31, 2022 - \$279,014) and a corresponding fair value gain for the three months ended June 30, 2023 of \$9,473 (2022 - \$55,631) and a fair value loss for the six months ended June 30, 2023 of \$11,195 (2022 - gain of \$22,907). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, distributions on Class B LP Units amounting to \$3,100 (2022 - \$3,013) and \$6,200 (2022 - \$6,025), respectively, are included in interest expense.

As at June 30, 2023, Morguard owned a 45.2% effective interest in the REIT through its ownership of 7,944,166 Units and 17,223,090 Class B LP Units.

As at June 30, 2023, there were 38,472,247 Units and 17,223,090 exchangeable Class B LP Units issued and outstanding.

As at July 25, 2023, there were 38,380,023 Units and 17,223,090 exchangeable Class B LP Units issued and outstanding.

PART VI

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions that are in the normal course of operations are subject to the same processes and controls as other transactions; that is, they are subject to standard approval procedures and management oversight but are also considered by management for reasonability against fair value. Related party transactions that are found to be material are subject to review and approval by a committee of independent trustees.

AGREEMENTS WITH MORGUARD AFFILIATES

The REIT, Morguard NAR Canada Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") and its subsidiaries entered into a series of agreements ("Agreements") with certain Morguard affiliates whereby the following services are provided by Morguard's affiliates under the direction of the REIT:

Property Management

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates administer the day-to-day operations of the Canadian and U.S. income producing properties, for which Morguard's affiliates receive partnership fees and distributions equal to 3.5% of gross property revenue of the income producing properties, payable monthly. Fees and distributions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$2,981 (2022 - \$2,467) and \$5,827 (2022 - \$4,856), respectively, and are included in property operating costs and equity income from investments.

Asset Management

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates have certain duties and responsibilities for the strategic management and administration of the Partnership and its subsidiaries, for which they receive partnership fees and distributions equal to 0.25% of the Partnership's gross book value defined as acquisition cost of the REIT's assets plus: (i) fair value adjustments; and (ii) accumulated amortization on property, plant and equipment. In addition, an annual fee and distribution is calculated in arrears, determined by multiplying 15% of the Partnership's funds from operations in excess of \$0.66 per Unit. Fees and distributions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$5,109 (2022 - \$4,104) and \$9,733 (2022 - \$7,803), respectively, and are included in trust expenses and equity income from investments.

Acquisition

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees with respect to properties acquired, directly or indirectly, by the REIT from third parties, and the fees are to be paid upon the closing of the purchase of each such property. The fees range from 0% of the purchase price paid for properties acquired directly or indirectly from Morguard, including entities controlled by Morguard, up to 0.75% of the purchase price paid for properties acquired from third parties. Fees relating to acquisition services for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, amounted to \$nil (2022 - \$nil) and \$825 (2022 - \$nil), respectively, and have been capitalized to income producing properties.

Financing

Pursuant to the Agreements, with respect to arranging for financing services, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees equal to 0.15% of the principal amount and associated costs (excluding mortgage premiums) of any debt financing or refinancing. Fees relating to financing services for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$229 (2022 - \$30) and \$229 (2022 - \$30), respectively, have been capitalized to deferred financing costs.

Other Services

As at June 30, 2023, the REIT had its portfolio appraised by Morguard's appraisal division. Fees relating to appraisal services for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$52 (2022 - \$53) and \$104 (2022 - \$106), respectively, and are included in trust expenses.

All the Agreements have an initial term of 10 years and are renewable for further terms of five years each, subject to certain notice provisions or upon the occurrence of an event of default as stipulated in the provisions of the Agreements.

PART VII

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The REIT's condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the IASB. The condensed consolidated financial statements use the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2022, which include the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments, and should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements.

The MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2022, contains a discussion of the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, being the accounting estimates of fair values of income producing properties and valuation of financial instruments. Management determined that as at June 30, 2023, there is no change to the assessment of the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments as detailed in the MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2022.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following describes the REIT's recognized and unrecognized financial instruments.

The REIT's financial assets and liabilities comprise cash, restricted cash, amounts receivable, the Morguard Facility, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, mortgages payable, Class B LP Units, lease liability and the convertible debentures.

Financial assets must be classified and measured on the basis of both the business model in which the assets are managed and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset. Financial assets subsequent to initial recognition are classified and measured based on three categories: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") and fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). Financial liabilities are classified and measured based on two categories: amortized cost and FVTPL. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented as follows:

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The fair values of cash, restricted cash, amounts receivable, the Morguard Facility and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values due to the short-term maturity of those instruments.

Mortgages payable, lease liability and the convertible debentures are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method of amortization. The estimated fair values of long-term borrowings have been determined based on market information, where available, or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at estimated interest rates expected to be available to the REIT.

The fair value of the mortgages payable has been determined by discounting the cash flows of these financial obligations using June 30, 2023 market rates for debts of similar terms. Based on these assumptions, as at June 30, 2023, the fair value of the mortgages payable before deferred financing costs and mark-to-market adjustment is estimated at \$1,402,325 (December 31, 2022 - \$1,291,966). The fair value of the mortgages payable varies from their carrying value due to fluctuations in market interest rates since their issue.

The fair values of the convertible debentures are based on their market trading price. As at June 30, 2023, the fair value of the convertible debentures before deferred financing costs has been estimated at \$54,874 (December 31, 2022 - \$85,081), compared with the carrying value of \$51,582 (December 31, 2022 - \$85,223).

The fair value of the Class B LP Units is equal to the market trading price of the Units.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

There are certain risks inherent in an investment in the Units and activities of the REIT that investors should carefully consider before investing in securities of the REIT. Risks and uncertainties are disclosed in the REIT's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2022 and in the Risks and Uncertainties section of the latest Annual Information Form dated, February 14, 2023.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES CONCERNING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial certification process project team has documented and assessed the design of the internal controls in order to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. This undertaking has enabled the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer to attest that the design of the internal controls with regard to financial information are effective using the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013). In order to ensure that the consolidated financial statements and MD&A present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the REIT and the results of its operations, management is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures, as well as internal control over financial reporting.

The REIT's management has evaluated the effectiveness of the REIT's disclosure controls and procedures and, based on such evaluation, has concluded that their design is adequate and effective as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The REIT's management has also evaluated the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting and has concluded that their design is effective as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2023.

An information disclosure policy constitutes the framework for the information disclosure process with regard to the annual and interim filings, as well as to other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation. This policy aims in particular at identifying material information and validating the related reporting. Morguard's Disclosure Committee, established in 2005, is responsible for ensuring compliance with this policy for both Morguard and the REIT. Morguard's senior management acts as the Disclosure Committee, ensuring compliance with this policy and reviewing main documents to be filed with regulatory authorities to ensure that all significant information regarding operations is communicated in a timely manner.

PART VIII

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY INFORMATION

The following table provides a summary of operating results for the last eight quarters.

(In thousands of dollars, except per Unit amounts)	Revenue	NOI	Proportionate NOI	FFO	Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Unitholders	Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Unitholders per Unit	
						Basic	Diluted ⁽¹⁾
June 30, 2023	\$83,326	\$53,494	\$45,238	\$23,711	\$81,227	\$1.45	\$1.40
March 31, 2023	79,648	19,308	41,664	21,954	29,495	0.52	0.50
December 31, 2022	75,076	46,460	42,284	23,526	(175,846)	(3.13)	(2.89)
September 30, 2022	70,766	44,875	39,597	21,137	70,097	1.24	1.17
June 30, 2022	67,392	42,456	37,101	19,833	162,601	2.89	2.70
March 31, 2022	65,257	17,424	35,127	18,307	162,430	2.89	2.70
December 31, 2021	63,475	39,796	33,726	16,870	112,610	2.00	1.87
September 30, 2021	61,955	37,142	32,641	16,153	83,704	1.49	1.40

(1) Includes the dilutive impact of the convertible debentures.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

A significant portion of the REIT's real estate properties are located in the United States. As a result, the REIT is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations with respect to its quarterly results derived from its properties located in the U.S.

Quarterly results fluctuate due to acquisitions and dispositions, the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations and mortgage refinancing. In addition, net income (loss) includes a number of non-cash components, such as, fair value gain (loss) on Class B LP Units, fair value gain (loss) on real estate properties, an IFRIC 21 adjustment to realty taxes, equity income (loss) from investments and deferred taxes.

During the first quarter of 2023, the REIT acquired a property comprising 240 suites and the remaining 50% interest in a property comprising 492 suites.

During the fourth quarter of 2022, the REIT disposed of a property comprising 340 suites.

During the third quarter of 2022, the REIT disposed of two properties comprising a total of 484 suites and acquired two properties, one multi-suite residential property comprising 350 suites and one retail property comprising 186,712 square feet of commercial area.

During the second quarter of 2022, the REIT disposed of a property comprising 292 suites.

Revenue and Net Operating Income

The regional distribution of the REIT's suites serves to add stability to the REIT's cash flows because it reduces the REIT's vulnerability to economic fluctuations affecting any particular region. However, tenant retention and leasing vacant suites are critical to maintaining occupancy levels.

In Canada, certain provinces and territories have enacted residential tenancy legislation that, among other things, imposes rent control guidelines that limit the REIT's ability to raise rental rates at its properties. For the calendar year 2023, the Ontario guideline increase amount was established at 2.5% (1.2% for 2022 and 0.0% for 2021). In addition, overbuilding in the multi-suite residential sector, particularly in the United States, may increase the supply of multi-suite residential properties, further increasing the level of competition in certain markets. Such competition may reduce occupancy rates and rental revenues of the REIT and, consequently, revenue and operating results.

As at June 30, 2023, Same Property occupancy in Canada was stable at 98.4% and has consistently risen since the third quarter of 2021 as leasing traffic normalized after a period of stay-at-home orders during the pandemic. Approximately 79% of the suites in Canada are located in the GTA. The GTA is Canada's most significant economic cluster and contains the largest concentration of people.

As at June 30, 2023, Same Property occupancy in the U.S. was 95.1% as the REIT's overall U.S. occupancy maintained optimum levels, continuing its positive momentum from 2021 and during 2022.

The REIT has seen steady revenue growth resulting from an increase in Same Property revenue. The increase in revenue since the third quarter of 2021 is due to improvements in occupancy as well as the REIT's acquisition and disposition activity.

Similar to revenue, NOI has profiled stable and steady growth over the last eight quarters resulting from an increase in revenue and the REIT's ability to control expenses as a percentage of revenue. The impact of foreign exchange rates and the REIT's acquisition and disposition activity also factored into the variance from quarter to quarter. Furthermore, the first quarter results (three months ended March 31) are impacted by IFRIC 21, whereby the REIT records the entire annual realty tax expense for its U.S. properties on January 1, except for U.S. properties acquired during the year in which the realty taxes are not recorded in the year of acquisition. As a result, the second, third and fourth quarters typically have no realty tax expense, which results in higher NOI and NOI margins.

Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Unitholders

Taking into account the above factors for revenue and NOI variations, the change in net income (loss) is predominantly due to a change in non-cash components described below:

- The REIT valued the Class B LP Units based on the closing price of the TSX-listed Units from period to period, resulting in a fair value gain/loss on Class B LP Units due to volatility in the trading price of the REIT's Units;
- The REIT has recorded a fair value gain on real estate properties for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, due to an increase in stabilized NOI and compression in capitalization rates at certain properties. In addition, the equity-accounted investment include non-cash fair value changes on real estate properties;
- The REIT has recorded deferred tax expense coinciding with the fair value gains of the REIT's U.S. real estate properties.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The REIT entered into binding agreements for the refinancing of two multi-suite residential properties located in Pensacola, Florida, for an aggregate amount of \$36,774 (US\$27,775) at an interest rate of 5.66% and for terms of 8 years. The maturing mortgages amount to \$20,673 (US\$15,614) and have a weighted average interest rate of 3.39%.

PART IX

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

The REIT's proportionate consolidated financial statements are as follows:

BALANCE SHEETS

As at June 30, 2023	Non-GAAP Adjustments			IFRIC 21	Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)
	IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest		
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Real estate properties	\$4,018,080	(\$208,689)	\$160,674	(\$16,244)	\$3,953,821
Equity-accounted investments	53,569	—	(53,569)	—	—
	4,071,649	(208,689)	107,105	(16,244)	3,953,821
Current assets					
Amounts receivable	8,265	(367)	—	—	7,898
Prepaid expenses	4,921	(39)	17	—	4,899
Restricted cash	3,494	(796)	—	—	2,698
Cash	40,571	(3,249)	1,435	—	38,757
	57,251	(4,451)	1,452	—	54,252
	\$4,128,900	(\$213,140)	\$108,557	(\$16,244)	\$4,008,073
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Non-current liabilities					
Mortgages payable	\$1,445,851	(\$95,388)	\$101,020	\$—	\$1,451,483
Convertible debentures	52,969	—	—	—	52,969
Class B LP Units	290,209	—	—	—	290,209
Deferred income tax liabilities	282,518	—	—	—	282,518
Lease liabilities	15,855	—	—	—	15,855
	2,087,402	(95,388)	101,020	—	2,093,034
Current liabilities					
Mortgages payable	49,324	(1,546)	2,301	—	50,079
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	70,616	(6,414)	5,236	(16,244)	53,194
	119,940	(7,960)	7,537	(16,244)	103,273
Total liabilities	2,207,342	(103,348)	108,557	(16,244)	2,196,307
EQUITY					
Unitholders' equity	1,811,766	—	—	—	1,811,766
Non-controlling interest	109,792	(109,792)	—	—	—
Total equity	1,921,558	(109,792)	—	—	1,811,766
	\$4,128,900	(\$213,140)	\$108,557	(\$16,244)	\$4,008,073

The following table provides a reconciliation of gross book value and indebtedness as defined in the Declaration of Trust from their IFRS financial statement presentation:

As at June 30, 2023	Non-GAAP Adjustments			IFRIC 21	Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)
	IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest		
Total Assets / Gross book value⁽¹⁾	\$4,128,900	(\$213,140)	\$108,557	(\$16,244)	\$4,008,073
Mortgage payable	\$1,495,175	(\$96,934)	\$103,321	\$—	\$1,501,562
Add: Deferred financing costs	14,363	(353)	323	—	14,333
Mark-to-market adjustment	2,596	—	—	—	2,596
	1,512,134	(97,287)	103,644	—	1,518,491
Convertible debentures, face value	56,000	—	—	—	56,000
Lease liabilities	15,855	—	—	—	15,855
Indebtedness	\$1,583,989	(\$97,287)	\$103,644	\$—	\$1,590,346
Indebtedness / Gross book value	38.4%				39.7%

(1) Gross book value (as defined in the Declaration of Trust) includes the impact of any fair value adjustments.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the three months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023					2022				
	Non-GAAP Adjustments				Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)	Non-GAAP Adjustments				Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)
	IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest	IFRIC 21		IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest	IFRIC 21	
Revenue from properties										
Same Property										
Gross rental revenue	\$70,270	(\$4,078)	\$3,758	\$—	\$69,950	\$61,848	(\$3,578)	\$5,102	\$—	\$63,372
Vacancy	(3,188)	156	(150)	—	(3,182)	(3,279)	180	(333)	—	(3,432)
Ancillary	5,958	(412)	245	—	5,791	4,864	(344)	157	—	4,677
Same Property	73,040	(4,334)	3,853	—	72,559	63,433	(3,742)	4,926	—	64,617
Acquisition/Disposition	10,286	—	—	—	10,286	3,959	—	—	—	3,959
Total revenue from properties	83,326	(4,334)	3,853	—	82,845	67,392	(3,742)	4,926	—	68,576
Property operating expenses										
Same Property										
Operating costs	19,320	(1,132)	921	—	19,109	16,229	(905)	1,329	—	16,653
Realty taxes	2,659	(16)	—	6,350	8,993	2,601	(67)	6	5,495	8,035
Utilities	4,262	(127)	106	—	4,241	4,368	(123)	244	—	4,489
Same Property	26,241	(1,275)	1,027	6,350	32,343	23,198	(1,095)	1,579	5,495	29,177
Acquisition/Disposition	3,591	—	—	1,673	5,264	1,738	—	—	560	2,298
Total property operating expenses	29,832	(1,275)	1,027	8,023	37,607	24,936	(1,095)	1,579	6,055	31,475
NOI										
Same Property	46,799	(3,059)	2,826	(6,350)	40,216	40,235	(2,647)	3,347	(5,495)	35,440
Acquisition/Disposition	6,695	—	—	(1,673)	5,022	2,221	—	—	(560)	1,661
Total NOI⁽¹⁾	53,494	(3,059)	2,826	(8,023)	45,238	42,456	(2,647)	3,347	(6,055)	37,101
Other expenses (income)										
Interest expense	18,613	(1,043)	877	—	18,447	12,629	(869)	1,256	—	13,016
Trust expenses	5,784	(96)	109	—	5,797	4,595	(76)	157	—	4,676
Equity income from investments	(1,456)	—	1,456	—	—	(4,512)	—	4,512	—	—
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	23	—	—	—	23	(32)	—	—	—	(32)
Other expense (income)	100	—	—	—	100	(748)	—	—	—	(748)
Income (loss) before fair value changes and income taxes	30,430	(1,920)	384	(8,023)	20,871	30,524	(1,702)	(2,578)	(6,055)	20,189
Fair value gain on real estate properties, net	62,555	(4,368)	(384)	8,023	65,826	109,077	(2,247)	2,578	6,055	115,463
Fair value loss on Class B LP Units	9,473	—	—	—	9,473	55,631	—	—	—	55,631
Income before income taxes	102,458	(6,288)	—	—	96,170	195,232	(3,949)	—	—	191,283
Provision for income taxes										
Current	34	—	—	—	34	40	—	—	—	40
Deferred	14,909	—	—	—	14,909	28,642	—	—	—	28,642
	14,943	—	—	—	14,943	28,682	—	—	—	28,682
Net income for the period	\$87,515	(\$6,288)	\$—	\$—	\$81,227	\$166,550	(\$3,949)	\$—	\$—	\$162,601
(1) NOI included the following:										
IFRIC 21	(\$7,952)	\$670	(\$741)	\$8,023	\$—	(\$5,762)	\$669	(\$962)	\$6,055	\$—

The following table provides a reconciliation of interest and indebtedness coverage ratios from their IFRS financial statement presentation:

For the three months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023					2022				
	Non-GAAP Adjustments				Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)	Non-GAAP Adjustments				Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)
	IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest	IFRIC 21		IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest	IFRIC 21	
NOI	\$53,494	(\$3,059)	\$2,826	(\$8,023)	\$45,238	\$42,456	(\$2,647)	\$3,347	(\$6,055)	\$37,101
IFRIC 21 adjustment	(7,952)	670	(741)	8,023	—	(5,762)	669	(962)	6,055	—
Trust expenses	(5,784)	96	(109)	—	(5,797)	(4,595)	76	(157)	—	(4,676)
Other income (expenses)	(100)	—	—	—	(100)	748	—	—	—	748
	\$39,658	(\$2,293)	\$1,976	\$—	\$39,341	\$32,847	(\$1,902)	\$2,228	\$—	\$33,173
Interest expense	\$18,613	(\$1,043)	\$877	\$—	\$18,447	\$12,629	(\$869)	\$1,256	\$—	\$13,016
Loss on extinguishment of mortgages	—	—	—	—	—	(181)	—	—	—	(181)
Amortization of mark-to-market adjustment on mortgages	(185)	—	—	—	(185)	—	—	—	—	—
Fair value gain on conversion option on the convertible debentures	249	—	—	—	249	3,297	—	—	—	3,297
Distributions on Class B LP Units	(3,100)	—	—	—	(3,100)	(3,013)	—	—	—	(3,013)
	\$15,577	(\$1,043)	\$877	\$—	\$15,411	\$12,732	(\$869)	\$1,256	\$—	\$13,119
Interest coverage ratio	2.55				2.55	2.58				2.53
Indebtedness coverage ratio	1.67				1.66	1.57				1.54

STATEMENTS OF INCOME (CONTINUED)

For the six months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023					2022				
	Non-GAAP Adjustments				Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)	Non-GAAP Adjustments				Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)
	IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest	IFRIC 21		IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest	IFRIC 21	
Revenue from properties										
Same Property										
Gross rental revenue	\$139,940	(\$8,108)	\$7,475	\$—	\$139,307	\$121,937	(\$6,997)	\$10,004	\$—	\$124,944
Vacancy	(6,244)	341	(335)	—	(6,238)	(6,824)	380	(601)	—	(7,045)
Ancillary	11,508	(747)	485	—	11,246	9,129	(580)	228	—	8,777
Same Property	145,204	(8,514)	7,625	—	144,315	124,242	(7,197)	9,631	—	126,676
Acquisition/Disposition	17,770	—	—	—	17,770	8,407	—	—	—	8,407
Total revenue from properties	162,974	(8,514)	7,625	—	162,085	132,649	(7,197)	9,631	—	135,083
Property operating expenses										
Same Property										
Operating costs	38,045	(2,148)	1,769	—	37,666	31,767	(1,816)	2,593	—	32,544
Realty taxes	30,743	(2,772)	3,002	(12,836)	18,137	25,539	(2,586)	3,871	(10,941)	15,883
Utilities	10,000	(295)	284	—	9,989	9,459	(258)	515	—	9,716
Same Property	78,788	(5,215)	5,055	(12,836)	65,792	66,765	(4,660)	6,979	(10,941)	58,143
Acquisition/Disposition	11,384	—	—	(1,993)	9,391	6,004	—	—	(1,292)	4,712
Total property operating expenses	90,172	(5,215)	5,055	(14,829)	75,183	72,769	(4,660)	6,979	(12,233)	62,855
NOI										
Same Property	66,416	(3,299)	2,570	12,836	78,523	57,477	(2,537)	2,652	10,941	68,533
Acquisition/Disposition	6,386	—	—	1,993	8,379	2,403	—	—	1,292	3,695
Total NOI⁽¹⁾	72,802	(3,299)	2,570	14,829	86,902	59,880	(2,537)	2,652	12,233	72,228
Other expenses (income)										
Interest expense	36,762	(2,065)	1,763	—	36,460	30,330	(1,735)	2,506	—	31,101
Trust expenses	10,961	(182)	211	—	10,990	8,776	(138)	312	—	8,950
Equity income from investments	(4,210)	—	4,210	—	—	(6,160)	—	6,160	—	—
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	24	—	—	—	24	(17)	—	—	—	(17)
Other expense (income)	(619)	—	—	—	(619)	(1,157)	—	—	—	(1,157)
Income before fair value changes and income taxes	29,884	(1,052)	(3,614)	14,829	40,047	28,108	(664)	(6,326)	12,233	33,351
Fair value gain on real estate properties, net	129,243	(9,990)	3,614	(14,829)	108,038	355,806	(11,997)	6,326	(12,233)	337,902
Fair value gain (loss) on Class B LP Units	(11,195)	—	—	—	(11,195)	22,907	—	—	—	22,907
Income before income taxes	147,932	(11,042)	—	—	136,890	406,821	(12,661)	—	—	394,160
Provision for income taxes										
Current	68	—	—	—	68	72	—	—	—	72
Deferred	26,100	—	—	—	26,100	69,057	—	—	—	69,057
	26,168	—	—	—	26,168	69,129	—	—	—	69,129
Net income for the period	\$121,764	(\$11,042)	\$—	\$—	\$110,722	\$337,692	(\$12,661)	\$—	\$—	\$325,031
(1) NOI included the following:										
IFRIC 21	\$14,684	(\$1,354)	\$1,499	(\$14,829)	\$—	\$11,640	(\$1,358)	\$1,951	(\$12,233)	\$—

The following table provides a reconciliation of interest and indebtedness coverage ratios from their IFRS financial statement presentation:

For the six months ended June 30 (In thousands of dollars)	2023					2022				
	Non-GAAP Adjustments				Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)	Non-GAAP Adjustments				Proportionate Basis (Non-GAAP)
	IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest	IFRIC 21		IFRS	NCI Share	Equity Interest	IFRIC 21	
NOI	\$72,802	(\$3,299)	\$2,570	\$14,829	\$86,902	\$59,880	(\$2,537)	\$2,652	\$12,233	\$72,228
IFRIC 21 adjustment	14,684	(1,354)	1,499	(14,829)	—	11,640	(1,358)	1,951	(12,233)	—
Trust expenses	(10,961)	182	(211)	—	(10,990)	(8,776)	138	(312)	—	(8,950)
Other income	619	—	—	—	619	1,157	—	—	—	1,157
	\$77,144	(\$4,471)	\$3,858	\$—	\$76,531	\$63,901	(\$3,757)	\$4,291	\$—	\$64,435
Interest expense	\$36,762	(\$2,065)	\$1,763	\$—	\$36,460	\$30,330	(\$1,735)	\$2,506	\$—	\$31,101
Loss on extinguishment of mortgages	—	—	—	—	—	(181)	—	—	—	(181)
Amortization of mark-to-market adjustment on mortgages	(391)	—	—	—	(391)	—	—	—	—	—
Fair value gain on conversion option on the convertible debentures	538	—	—	—	538	1,147	—	—	—	1,147
Distributions on Class B LP Units	(6,200)	—	—	—	(6,200)	(6,025)	—	—	—	(6,025)
	\$30,709	(\$2,065)	\$1,763	\$—	\$30,407	\$25,271	(\$1,735)	\$2,506	\$—	\$26,042
Interest coverage ratio	2.51				2.52	2.53				2.47
Indebtedness coverage ratio	1.62				1.61	1.54				1.50

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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BALANCE SHEETS

In thousands of Canadian dollars

As at	Note	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Real estate properties	3	\$4,018,080	\$3,626,853
Equity-accounted investments	4	53,569	105,462
		4,071,649	3,732,315
Current assets			
Morguard Facility	8	—	80,695
Amounts receivable		8,265	11,402
Prepaid expenses		4,921	6,373
Restricted cash		3,494	88,996
Cash		40,571	14,636
		57,251	202,102
		\$4,128,900	\$3,934,417
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Non-current liabilities			
Mortgages payable	5	\$1,445,851	\$1,247,355
Convertible debentures	6	52,969	—
Class B LP Units	7	290,209	279,014
Deferred income tax liabilities	16	282,518	262,760
Lease liabilities	9	15,855	16,235
		2,087,402	1,805,364
Current liabilities			
Mortgages payable	5	49,324	134,819
Convertible debentures	6	—	85,126
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10	70,616	53,719
		119,940	273,664
Total liabilities		2,207,342	2,079,028
EQUITY			
Unitholders' equity		1,811,766	1,753,475
Non-controlling interest		109,792	101,914
Total equity		1,921,558	1,855,389
		\$4,128,900	\$3,934,417

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

In thousands of Canadian dollars

	Note	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue from real estate properties	12	\$83,326	\$67,392	\$162,974	\$132,649
Property operating expenses					
Property operating costs		(22,749)	(17,818)	(44,256)	(34,994)
Realty taxes		(2,457)	(2,600)	(35,252)	(28,008)
Utilities		(4,626)	(4,518)	(10,664)	(9,767)
Net operating income		53,494	42,456	72,802	59,880
Other expenses (income)					
Interest expense	13	18,613	12,629	36,762	30,330
Trust expenses	14	5,784	4,595	10,961	8,776
Equity income from investments	4	(1,456)	(4,512)	(4,210)	(6,160)
Foreign exchange loss (gain)		23	(32)	24	(17)
Other expenses (income)	8	100	(748)	(619)	(1,157)
Income before fair value changes and income taxes		30,430	30,524	29,884	28,108
Fair value gain on real estate properties, net	3	62,555	109,077	129,243	355,806
Fair value gain (loss) on Class B LP Units	7	9,473	55,631	(11,195)	22,907
Income before income taxes		102,458	195,232	147,932	406,821
Provision for income taxes					
Current		34	40	68	72
Deferred		14,909	28,642	26,100	69,057
		14,943	28,682	26,168	69,129
Net income for the period		\$87,515	\$166,550	\$121,764	\$337,692
Net income attributable to:					
Unitholders		\$81,227	\$162,601	\$110,722	\$325,031
Non-controlling interest		6,288	3,949	11,042	12,661
		\$87,515	\$166,550	\$121,764	\$337,692

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

In thousands of Canadian dollars

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net income for the period	\$87,515	\$166,550	\$121,764	\$337,692
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to net income:				
Unrealized foreign currency translation gain (loss)	(28,791)	34,161	(29,777)	18,863
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$58,724	\$200,711	\$91,987	\$356,555
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
Unitholders	\$54,735	\$194,232	\$83,315	\$342,517
Non-controlling interest	3,989	6,479	8,672	14,038
	\$58,724	\$200,711	\$91,987	\$356,555

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY

In thousands of Canadian dollars

	Note	Units	Contributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Unitholders' Equity	Non-controlling Interest	Total Equity
Unitholders' equity, December 31, 2021		\$469,959	\$48,762	\$897,597	\$68,420	\$1,484,738	\$76,647	\$1,561,385
Changes during the period:								
Net income		—	—	325,031	—	325,031	12,661	337,692
Other comprehensive income		—	—	—	17,486	17,486	1,377	18,863
Issue of Units - DRIP		403	—	(403)	—	—	—	—
Distributions		—	—	(13,266)	—	(13,266)	(9)	(13,275)
Unitholders' equity, June 30, 2022		\$470,362	\$48,762	\$1,208,959	\$85,906	\$1,813,989	\$90,676	\$1,904,665
Changes during the period:								
Net income (loss)		—	—	(105,749)	—	(105,749)	7,620	(98,129)
Other comprehensive income		—	—	—	58,634	58,634	4,793	63,427
Issue of Units - DRIP		412	—	(412)	—	—	—	—
Distributions		—	—	(13,399)	—	(13,399)	(1,175)	(14,574)
Unitholders' equity, December 31, 2022		\$470,774	\$48,762	\$1,089,399	\$144,540	\$1,753,475	\$101,914	\$1,855,389
Changes during the period:								
Net income		—	—	110,722	—	110,722	11,042	121,764
Other comprehensive loss		—	—	—	(27,407)	(27,407)	(2,370)	(29,777)
Repurchase of Units	11(b)	(11,458)	—	—	—	(11,458)	—	(11,458)
Issue of Units - DRIP	11(d)	453	—	(453)	—	—	—	—
Distributions	11(d)	—	—	(13,566)	—	(13,566)	(794)	(14,360)
Unitholders' equity, June 30, 2023		\$459,769	\$48,762	\$1,186,102	\$117,133	\$1,811,766	\$109,792	\$1,921,558

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

In thousands of Canadian dollars

	Note	Three months ended		Six months ended	
		June 30 2023	2022	June 30 2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net income		\$87,515	\$166,550	\$121,764	\$337,692
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash	17(a)	(65,598)	(148,240)	(79,565)	(302,667)
Additions to tenant incentives		(241)	(260)	(417)	(476)
Distributions from equity-accounted investments	4	1,338	283	2,022	380
Net change in non-cash operating assets and liabilities	17(b)	11,419	3,749	8,526	(322)
Cash provided by operating activities		34,433	22,082	52,330	34,607
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from sale of income producing properties, net	3	—	93,165	—	93,165
Acquisition of income producing properties	3	—	—	(164,710)	—
Additions to real estate properties	3	(9,709)	(6,906)	(14,679)	(10,785)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(9,709)	86,259	(179,389)	82,380
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from new mortgages	5	150,711	19,492	150,711	19,492
Financing cost on new mortgages		(3,281)	(388)	(3,281)	(388)
Repayment of mortgages					
Principal instalment repayments		(8,200)	(8,125)	(16,828)	(16,355)
Repayment on maturity	5	(85,793)	(11,687)	(85,793)	(11,687)
Repayment due to mortgage extinguishment	3	—	(27,048)	—	(27,048)
Principal payment of lease liabilities	9	(8)	—	(16)	—
Proceeds from issuance of convertible debentures, net of costs	6	—	—	53,590	—
Redemption of convertible debentures	6	—	—	(85,500)	—
Proceeds from Morguard Facility		17,912	—	199,923	25,000
Repayments on Morguard Facility		(67,267)	—	(119,583)	(15,000)
Units repurchased for cancellation	11(b)	(7,980)	—	(11,458)	—
Distributions to Unitholders		(6,782)	(6,632)	(13,594)	(13,264)
Distributions to non-controlling interest		(390)	(9)	(794)	(9)
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash		1,215	(66,512)	83,506	(65,463)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(9,863)	(100,909)	150,883	(104,722)
Net increase in cash during the period		14,861	7,432	23,824	12,265
Net effect of foreign currency translation on cash balance		1,494	2,232	2,111	2,050
Cash, beginning of period		24,216	31,213	14,636	26,562
Cash, end of period		\$40,571	\$40,877	\$40,571	\$40,877

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

In thousands of Canadian dollars, except Unit and per Unit amounts and where otherwise noted

NOTE 1

NATURE AND FORMATION OF TRUST

Morguard North American Residential Real Estate Investment Trust (the "REIT") is an unincorporated open-ended real estate investment trust established pursuant to a Declaration of Trust dated March 1, 2012, and as most recently amended and restated on February 16, 2021 (the "Declaration of Trust"), under and governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario. The trust units of the REIT ("Units") trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "MRG.UN." The REIT invests in multi-suite residential rental properties in Canada and the United States. The REIT's head office is located at 55 City Centre Drive, Suite 1000, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M3.

The REIT holds its investments in its real estate properties through its ownership in Morguard NAR Canada Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"). As at June 30, 2023, Morguard Corporation ("Morguard"), the parent company of the REIT, holds an indirect 45.2% (December 31, 2022 - 44.7%) interest through its ownership of 7,944,166 Units and 17,223,090 Class B LP Units.

NOTE 2

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and thus do not contain all the disclosures applicable to the annual audited consolidated financial statements.

The condensed consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Trustees on July 25, 2023.

These condensed consolidated financial statements use the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements, which include the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments.

Foreign Exchange

The foreign exchange rates for the current and prior reporting periods are as follows:

	2023	2022
Canadian dollar to United States dollar exchange rates:		
- As at June 30	\$0.7553	\$0.7760
- As at December 31	—	0.7383
- Average for the three months ended June 30	0.7447	0.7832
- Average for the six months ended June 30	0.7420	0.7865
United States dollar to Canadian dollar exchange rates:		
- As at June 30	1.3240	1.2886
- As at December 31	—	1.3544
- Average for the three months ended June 30	1.3428	1.2768
- Average for the six months ended June 30	1.3477	1.2715

NOTE 3

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for real estate properties at the beginning and end of the current period and prior financial year are set out below:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance, beginning of period	\$3,626,853	\$3,256,158
Additions:		
Acquisition of income producing properties	207,658	221,096
Capital expenditures	14,679	40,819
Right-of-use assets	—	6,643
Transfer from equity-accounted investments (Note 4)	96,840	—
Dispositions	—	(250,857)
Fair value gain, net	129,715	208,253
Foreign currency translation	(57,745)	145,077
Other	80	(336)
Balance, end of period	\$4,018,080	\$3,626,853

Transactions completed during the six months ended June 30, 2023

Acquisitions

On January 5, 2023, the REIT acquired from Morguard the remaining 50% interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square (Note 4), comprising 492 residential suites, for a purchase price of \$96,902 (US\$71,545), including closing costs, and assumed mortgages payable of \$45,997 (US\$33,961). In addition, a mark-to-market adjustment of \$3,049 (US\$2,251) was recorded to mortgages payable.

On March 29, 2023, the REIT acquired a multi-suite residential property comprising 240 suites located in Chicago, Illinois ("Xavier Apartments"), for a purchase price of \$113,805 (US\$83,829), including closing costs.

The REIT pursued a tax deferred exchange under Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 ("1031 Exchange") in connection with its U.S. property dispositions. Under a 1031 Exchange, the REIT was able to defer tax payable upon the acquisition of its replacement property.

Transactions completed during the year ended December 31, 2022

Acquisitions

On August 8, 2022, the REIT acquired a multi-suite residential property comprising 350 suites located in Chicago, Illinois ("Echelon Chicago"), for a purchase price of \$174,345 (US\$135,603), including closing costs, and was partially funded by a mortgage in the amount of \$96,008 (US\$74,674) at an interest rate of 4.71% for a term of seven years.

On September 26, 2022, the REIT acquired a retail property ("Rockville Town Square") comprising 186,712 square feet of commercial area located in Rockville, Maryland, for a purchase price of \$46,751 (US\$34,085), including closing costs. The retail property is part of a mixed-use complex where the REIT owns the residential property ("Fenestra at Rockville Town Square").

Dispositions

On June 6, 2022, the REIT sold a multi-suite residential property located in Atlanta, Georgia, comprising 292 suites, for net proceeds of \$93,165 (US\$74,152), including closing costs, and repaid the mortgage payable secured by the property in the amount of \$27,048 (US\$21,528).

On August 24, 2022, the REIT sold a multi-suite residential property located in Slidell, Louisiana, comprising 144 suites, for net proceeds of \$32,778 (US\$25,247), including closing costs, and repaid the mortgage payable secured by the property in the amount of \$9,972 (US\$7,681).

On October 6, 2022, the REIT sold a multi-suite residential property located in Coconut Creek, Florida, comprising 340 suites, for net proceeds of \$124,914 (US\$91,052), including closing costs, and repaid the mortgage payable secured by the property in the amount of \$28,055 (US\$20,450).

As at June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, the REIT had its portfolio appraised by Morguard's appraisal division. In addition, the REIT's U.S. portfolio is appraised by independent U.S. real estate appraisal firms on a three-year cycle.

The REIT utilizes the direct capitalization income method to appraise its portfolio. This method requires that rental income from current leases and key assumptions about rental income, vacancies and inflation rates, among other factors, are used to determine a one-year stabilized net operating income forecast for each individual property within the REIT's portfolio and also considers any capital expenditures anticipated within the year. A capitalization rate was also determined for each property based on market information related to the external sale of similar properties within a similar location. These factors were used to determine the fair value of income producing properties at each reporting period.

As at June 30, 2023, using the direct capitalization income approach, the properties were valued using capitalization rates in the range of 3.8% to 6.0% (December 31, 2022 - 3.8% to 6.0%), resulting in an overall weighted average capitalization rate of 4.5% (December 31, 2022 - 4.4%).

The average capitalization rates by location are set out in the following table:

	June 30, 2023 Capitalization Rates			December 31, 2022 Capitalization Rates		
	Maximum	Minimum	Weighted Average	Maximum	Minimum	Weighted Average
Canada						
Alberta	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%
Ontario	4.3%	3.8%	3.9%	4.3%	3.8%	3.9%
United States						
Colorado	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%
Texas	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.5%	4.7%
Louisiana	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Illinois	5.0%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%
Georgia	5.3%	4.8%	5.1%	5.3%	4.8%	5.0%
Florida	6.0%	4.5%	5.1%	6.0%	4.5%	5.1%
North Carolina	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%
Virginia	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%
Maryland	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	—%	—%	—%

Fair values are most sensitive to changes in capitalization rates and stabilized net operating income. Generally, an increase in stabilized net operating income will result in an increase in the fair value of the real estate properties, and an increase in capitalization rates will result in a decrease in the fair value of the properties. The capitalization rate magnifies the effect of a change in stabilized net operating income, with a lower capitalization rate resulting in a greater impact on the fair value of the property than a higher capitalization rate. If the weighted average stabilized capitalization rate were to increase or decrease by 25 basis points (assuming no change to stabilized net operating income), the value of the real estate properties as at June 30, 2023 would decrease by \$208,733 or increase by \$233,692, respectively.

NOTE 4

EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENTS

The following are the REIT's equity-accounted investments as at June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022:

Property	Principal Place of Business	Type	REIT's Ownership		Carrying Value	
			June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Fenestra ⁽¹⁾	Rockville, MD	Joint Venture	—%	50%	\$—	\$52,857
Marquee at Block 37	Chicago, IL	Joint Venture	50%	50%	53,569	52,605
					53,569	105,462

⁽¹⁾ The REIT acquired the 50% interest not already owned in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square on January 5, 2023 (Note 3).

The following table presents the change in the balance of the equity-accounted investments:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance, beginning of period	\$105,462	\$96,376
Transfer ⁽¹⁾	(52,857)	—
Distributions received	(2,022)	(1,796)
Share of net income	4,210	3,822
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(1,224)	7,060
Balance, end of period	\$53,569	\$105,462

⁽¹⁾ On January 5, 2023, the REIT acquired from Morguard the remaining 50% interest in Fenestra at Rockville Town Square, at which point the carrying value of the 50% interest was transferred to each respective balance sheet line item including income producing properties in the amount of \$96,840 (Note 3) and mortgages payable in the amount of \$45,997.

The following tables present the financial results of the REIT's equity-accounted investments on a 100% basis:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Non-current assets	\$321,348	\$515,080
Current assets	2,904	10,600
Total assets	\$324,252	\$525,680
Non-current liabilities	\$202,040	\$298,836
Current liabilities	15,074	15,920
Total liabilities	\$217,114	\$314,756
Net assets	\$107,138	\$210,924
Equity-accounted investments	\$53,569	\$105,462

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30		June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue	\$7,706	\$9,853	\$15,250	\$19,262
Expenses	(4,026)	(5,986)	(14,058)	(19,594)
Fair value gain (loss) on income producing properties	(768)	5,157	7,228	12,652
Net income for the period	\$2,912	\$9,024	\$8,420	\$12,320
Income in equity-accounted investments	\$1,456	\$4,512	\$4,210	\$6,160

NOTE 5

MORTGAGES PAYABLE

Mortgages payable consist of the following:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Principal balance of mortgages	\$1,512,134	\$1,394,444
Deferred financing costs	(14,363)	(12,270)
Mark-to-market adjustment	(2,596)	—
	\$1,495,175	\$1,382,174
Current	\$49,324	\$134,819
Non-current	1,445,851	1,247,355
	\$1,495,175	\$1,382,174
Range of interest rates	2.03–7.10%	2.03–5.79%
Weighted average interest rate	3.65%	3.50%
Weighted average term to maturity (years)	5.2	4.9
Fair value of mortgages	\$1,402,325	\$1,291,966

On April 28, 2023, the REIT completed the refinancing of two multi-suite residential properties located in Atlanta, Georgia, and Cary, North Carolina, for an aggregate amount of \$89,574 (US\$65,970) at an interest rate of 5.06% and for terms of 10 years. The maturing mortgages amounted to \$61,240 (US\$45,102) and had a weighted average interest rate of 3.51%.

On May 1, 2023, the REIT completed the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (“CMHC”) insured financing of a multi-suite residential property located in Toronto, Ontario, in the amount of \$61,137 at an interest rate of 4.18% and for a term of 10 years. The maturing mortgage amounted to \$24,553 and had an interest rate of 2.96%.

The REIT’s first mortgages are registered against specific real estate assets, and substantially all of the REIT’s rental properties and related rental revenue have been pledged as collateral for the mortgages payable.

The aggregate principal repayments and balances maturing of the mortgages payable as at June 30, 2023, together with the weighted average contractual interest rate on debt maturing in the next five years and thereafter, are as follows:

	Principal Instalment Repayments	Balances Maturing	Total	Weighted Average Contractual Rate
2023 (remainder of the year)	\$15,949	\$20,673	\$36,622	3.39%
2024	30,489	140,446	170,935	3.28%
2025	23,275	179,871	203,146	3.27%
2026	17,695	166,340	184,035	3.24%
2027	15,593	169,041	184,634	4.36%
Thereafter	45,361	687,401	732,762	3.75%
	\$148,362	\$1,363,772	\$1,512,134	3.65%

NOTE 6

CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

Convertible debentures consist of the following:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
4.50% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures	\$—	\$85,223
6.00% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures	51,582	—
Fair value of conversion option	3,697	94
Unamortized financing costs	(2,310)	(191)
	\$52,969	\$85,126
Current	\$—	\$85,126
Non-current	52,969	—
	\$52,969	\$85,126

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, interest on the convertible debentures amounting to \$838 (2022 - \$959) and \$1,906 (2022 - \$1,902), respectively, is included in interest expense (Note 13). As at June 30, 2023, \$1,042 (December 31, 2022 - \$980) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

4.50% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures

On February 13, 2018, the REIT issued \$75,000 principal amount of 4.50% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures (the “2018 Debentures”) maturing on March 31, 2023. On February 21, 2018, an additional principal amount of \$10,500 was issued pursuant to the exercise of the over-allotment option. Interest was payable semi-annually, not in advance, on March 31 and September 30 of each year. The underwriters’ commissions, legal and other issue costs attributable to the 2018 Debentures in the amount of \$3,375 have been capitalized and amortized over their term to maturity. Morguard owned \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Debentures.

On March 24, 2023, the REIT redeemed the 2018 Debentures in advance of their March 31, 2023 maturity date.

6.00% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures

On March 9, 2023, the REIT issued \$50,000 principal amount of 6.00% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures (the “2023 Debentures”) maturing on March 31, 2028 (the “Maturity Date”). On March 17, 2023, an additional principal amount of \$6,000 was issued pursuant to the exercise of the over-allotment option. Interest is payable semi-annually, not in advance, on March 31 and September 30 of each year, commencing on September 30, 2023. The underwriters’ commissions, legal and other issue costs attributable to the 2023 Debentures in the amount of \$2,410 have been capitalized and are being amortized over their term to maturity. Morguard and Paros Enterprises Limited (ultimate parent of Morguard), related parties, own \$5,000 and \$2,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Debentures, respectively.

As at June 30, 2023, \$56,000 of the face value of the 2023 Debentures were outstanding.

Each of the 2023 Debentures can be converted into fully paid, non-assessable and freely tradable Units at the option of the holder at any time prior to the close of business on the earlier of the Maturity Date and the business day immediately preceding the date specified by the REIT for redemption of the 2023 Debentures, at a conversion price of \$24.15 per Unit, being a ratio of approximately 41.4079 Units per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2023 Debentures.

From April 1, 2026 to March 31, 2027, the 2023 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, at the option of the REIT on not more than 60 days’ and not less than 30 days’ prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to the date fixed for redemption, provided that the volume weighted average trading price per Unit on the TSX (or such other exchange if the Units are not listed on the TSX) for the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the fifth trading day preceding the date on which notice of redemption is given (the “Current Market Price”) is not less than 125% of the conversion price. From April 1, 2027, and prior to the Maturity Date, the 2023 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, at the option of the REIT on not more than 60 days’ and not less than 30 days’ prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to the date fixed for redemption. Subject to regulatory approval and other conditions, the REIT may, at its option, elect to satisfy its obligation to pay, in whole or in part, the principal amount of the 2023 Debentures that are to be redeemed or that have matured by issuing and delivering that number of freely tradable Units to the debentureholders obtained by dividing the principal amount of the 2023 Debentures being repaid by 95% of the Current Market Price on the date of redemption or maturity, as applicable.

NOTE 7

CLASS B LP UNITS

On April 18, 2012, the REIT issued 17,223,090 Class B LP Units to Morguard for \$172,231. The Class B LP Units are non-transferable, except under certain circumstances, but are exchangeable on a one-for-one basis into Units of the REIT at any time at the option of the holder. Prior to such exchange, distributions are made on the Class B LP Units in an amount equivalent to the distribution that would have been made had the Units of the REIT been issued. Each Class B LP Unit was accompanied by a Special Voting Unit, which entitles the holder to receive notice of, attend and vote at all meetings of the Unitholders. There is no value assigned to the Special Voting Units.

As at June 30, 2023, the REIT valued the Class B LP Units based on the closing price of the TSX-listed Units, which resulted in a fair value liability of \$290,209 (December 31, 2022 - \$279,014) and a corresponding fair value gain for the three months ended June 30, 2023 of \$9,473 (2022 - \$55,631) and a fair value loss for the six months ended June 30, 2023 of \$11,195 (2022 - gain of \$22,907).

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, distributions on Class B LP Units amounting to \$3,100 (2022 - \$3,013) and \$6,200 (2022 - \$6,025), respectively, are included in interest expense (Note 13).

As at June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, there were 17,223,090 Class B LP Units issued and outstanding.

NOTE 8

MORGUARD FACILITY

The REIT has an unsecured revolving credit facility with Morguard (the “Morguard Facility”) that provides for borrowings or advances that can be drawn or advanced either in Canadian dollars or an equivalent amount in United States dollars subject to the availability of sufficient funds. If in Canadian dollars, interest will be calculated either at the Canadian prime lending rate or at the bankers’ acceptance rate plus 1.8%. If the borrowing or advance is in United States dollars, interest will be calculated at the United States prime lending rate. The maximum allowable to be borrowed or advanced under the Morguard Facility is \$100,000.

As at June 30, 2023, the total amount receivable under the Morguard Facility was \$nil (December 31, 2022 - \$80,695).

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT recorded net interest expense of \$193 (2022 - net interest income of \$491) and net interest income of \$108 (2022 - \$853), respectively, on the Morguard Facility.

NOTE 9

LEASE LIABILITIES

The following table presents the change in the balance of lease liabilities:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance, beginning of period	\$16,235	\$9,065
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 13)	467	565
Payments	(483)	(573)
Additions	—	6,643
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(364)	535
	\$15,855	\$16,235

Future minimum lease payments under the lease liabilities are as follows:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Within 12 months	\$951	\$972
2 to 5 years	4,068	4,125
Over 5 years	26,653	27,915
Total minimum lease payments	31,672	33,012
Less: Future interest costs	(15,817)	(16,777)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$15,855	\$16,235

NOTE 10

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$61,573	\$44,982
Tenant deposits	9,043	8,737
	\$70,616	\$53,719

NOTE 11

UNITHOLDERS’ EQUITY

(a) Units

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Units. Each Unit confers the right to one vote at any meeting of Unitholders and to participate *pro rata* in the distributions by the REIT and, in the event of termination or winding-up of the REIT, in the net assets of the REIT. The Unitholders have the right to require the REIT to redeem their Units on demand subject to certain conditions. The Units have no par value. Upon receipt of the redemption notice by the REIT, all rights to and under the Units tendered for redemption will cease and the holder thereof will be

entitled to receive a price per Unit (“Redemption Price”) as determined by a formula outlined in the Declaration of Trust. The Redemption Price will be paid in accordance with the conditions provided for in the Declaration of Trust.

The Trustees have discretion with respect to the timing and amounts of distributions.

(b) Normal Course Issuer Bids

On January 8, 2022, the REIT had the approval of the TSX under its normal course issuer bid (“NCIB”) to purchase up to 1,478,869 Units and \$4,024 principal amount of the 2018 Debentures. The program expired on January 7, 2023. On January 6, 2023, the REIT obtained the approval of the TSX under its NCIB, commencing January 10, 2023, to purchase up to 1,474,371 Units, being approximately 5% of the public float of outstanding Units; the program expires on January 9, 2024. The daily repurchase restriction for the Units is 8,461.

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, 665,557 Units were repurchased for cash consideration of \$11,458 at a weighted average price of \$17.22 per Unit.

(c) Special Voting Units

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Special Voting Units. The Declaration of Trust and the exchange agreement provide for the issuance of the Special Voting Units, which have no economic entitlement in the REIT or in the distribution or assets of the REIT, but are used to provide voting rights proportionate to the votes of the Units to holders of securities exchangeable into Units, including the Class B LP Units. Each Special Voting Unit is not transferable separately from the Class B LP Unit to which it is attached and will be automatically redeemed and cancelled upon exchange of the attached Class B LP Unit into a Unit.

(d) Units Outstanding

The following table summarizes the changes in Units for the period from December 31, 2021, to June 30, 2023:

Issued and Fully Paid Units	Units	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2021	39,064,265	\$469,959
Units issued under the DRIP	47,528	815
Balance, December 31, 2022	39,111,793	470,774
Units issued under the DRIP	26,011	453
Units repurchased through the REIT’s NCIB plan	(665,557)	(11,458)
Balance, June 30, 2023	38,472,247	\$459,769

Total distributions declared during the six months ended June 30, 2023, amounted to \$14,019, or \$0.36 per Unit (2022 - \$13,669, or \$0.3498 per Unit), including distributions payable of \$2,318 that were declared on June 15, 2023, and paid on July 14, 2023. On July 14, 2023, the REIT declared a distribution of \$0.06 per Unit payable on August 15, 2023.

(e) Distribution Reinvestment Plan

Under the REIT’s Distribution Reinvestment Plan (“DRIP”), Unitholders can elect to reinvest cash distributions into additional Units at a weighted average closing price of the Units on the TSX for the five trading days immediately preceding the applicable date of distribution. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, the REIT issued 26,011 Units under the DRIP (year ended December 31, 2022 - 47,528 Units).

NOTE 12

RENTAL INCOME

The components of revenue from real estate properties are as follows:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30	June 30	June 30	June 30
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Rental income	\$42,073	\$34,205	\$81,052	\$67,047
Property management and ancillary income	28,372	23,062	56,671	45,805
Property tax and insurance	12,881	10,125	25,251	19,797
	\$83,326	\$67,392	\$162,974	\$132,649

NOTE 13

INTEREST EXPENSE

The components of interest expense are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest on mortgages	\$13,692	\$10,801	\$26,617	\$21,444
Interest on convertible debentures (Note 6)	838	959	1,906	1,902
Interest on lease liability (Note 9)	232	109	467	217
Amortization of mark-to-market adjustment on mortgages	185	—	391	—
Amortization of deferred financing costs	715	681	1,428	1,345
Amortization of deferred financing costs on the convertible debentures (Note 6)	100	182	291	363
Fair value gain on conversion option on the convertible debentures (Note 6)	(249)	(3,297)	(538)	(1,147)
Loss on extinguishment of mortgages payable	—	181	—	181
	15,513	9,616	30,562	24,305
Distributions on Class B LP Units (Note 7)	3,100	3,013	6,200	6,025
	\$18,613	\$12,629	\$36,762	\$30,330

NOTE 14

TRUST EXPENSES

The components of trust expenses are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Asset management fees and distributions	\$4,956	\$3,951	\$9,480	\$7,499
Professional fees	271	255	585	536
Public company expenses	205	196	405	389
Other	352	193	491	352
	\$5,784	\$4,595	\$10,961	\$8,776

NOTE 15

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the related party transactions disclosed in Notes 3, 6, 7 and 8, related party transactions also include the following:

Agreements with Morguard Affiliates

The REIT, the Partnership and its subsidiaries entered into a series of agreements (the "Agreements") with certain Morguard affiliates whereby the following services are provided by Morguard's affiliates under the direction of the REIT:

Property Management

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates administer the day-to-day operations of the Canadian and U.S. income producing properties, for which Morguard's affiliates receive partnership fees and distributions equal to 3.5% of gross property revenue of the income producing properties, payable monthly. Fees and distributions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$2,981 (2022 - \$2,467) and \$5,827 (2022 - \$4,856), respectively, and are included in property operating costs and equity income from investments. As at June 30, 2023, \$724 (December 31, 2022 - \$737) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Asset Management

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates have certain duties and responsibilities for the strategic management and administration of the Partnership and its subsidiaries, for which they receive partnership fees and distributions equal to 0.25% of the Partnership's gross book value defined as acquisition cost of the REIT's assets plus: (i) fair value adjustments; and (ii) accumulated amortization on property, plant and equipment. In addition, an annual fee and distribution is calculated in arrears, determined by multiplying 15% of the Partnership's funds from operations in excess of \$0.66 per Unit. Fees and distributions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$5,109 (2022 - \$4,104) and \$9,733 (2022 - \$7,803), respectively, and are included in trust expenses

and equity income from investments. As at June 30, 2023, \$2,502 (December 31, 2022 - \$3,210) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Acquisition

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees with respect to properties acquired, directly or indirectly, by the REIT from third parties, and the fees are to be paid upon the closing of the purchase of each such property. The fees range from 0% of the purchase price paid for properties acquired directly or indirectly from Morguard, including entities controlled by Morguard, up to 0.75% of the purchase price paid for properties acquired from third parties. Fees relating to acquisition services for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, amounted to \$nil (2022 - \$nil) and \$825 (2022 - \$nil), respectively, and have been capitalized to income producing properties.

Financing

Pursuant to the Agreements, with respect to arranging for financing services, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees equal to 0.15% of the principal amount and associated costs (excluding mortgage premiums) of any debt financing or refinancing. Fees relating to financing services for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$229 (2022 - \$30) and \$229 (2022 - \$30), respectively, and have been capitalized to deferred financing costs.

Other Services

As at June 30, 2023, the REIT had its portfolio appraised by Morguard's appraisal division. Fees relating to appraisal services for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$52 (2022 - \$53) and \$104 (2022 - \$106), respectively, and are included in trust expenses.

NOTE 16

INCOME TAXES

(a) Canadian Status

The REIT is a "mutual fund trust" pursuant to the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the "Act"). Under current tax legislation, a mutual fund trust that is not a Specified Investment Flow-Through ("SIFT") trust pursuant to the Act is entitled to deduct distributions of taxable income such that it is not liable to pay income taxes, provided that its taxable income is fully distributed to Unitholders. The REIT intends to continue to qualify as a mutual fund trust that is not a SIFT trust and to make distributions not less than the amount necessary to ensure that the REIT will not be liable to pay income taxes.

(b) U.S. Status

Certain of the REIT's operations or a portion thereof are conducted through its taxable U.S. subsidiaries, which are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate income taxes.

As at June 30, 2023, the U.S. subsidiaries of the REIT have total net operating losses of approximately US\$34,218 (December 31, 2022 - US\$44,622) of which deferred tax assets were recognized comprising US\$6,592 (December 31, 2022 - US\$16,996) that will expire in various years commencing in 2032 and US\$27,626 (December 31, 2022 - US\$27,626) that can be carried forward indefinitely.

As at June 30, 2023, the REIT's U.S. subsidiaries have a total of US\$26,336 (December 31, 2022 - US\$20,929) of unutilized interest expense deductions on which deferred tax assets were recognized.

NOTE 17

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Items Not Affecting Cash

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Fair value gain on real estate properties, net	(\$70,507)	(\$114,839)	(\$114,559)	(\$344,166)
Fair value loss (gain) on Class B LP Units	(9,473)	(55,631)	11,195	(22,907)
Fair value gain on conversion option on the convertible debentures	(249)	(3,297)	(538)	(1,147)
Equity income from investments	(1,456)	(4,512)	(4,210)	(6,160)
Amortization of deferred financing - mortgages	715	681	1,428	1,345
Amortization of deferred financing - convertible debentures	100	182	291	363
Amortization of mark-to-market adjustment on mortgages	185	—	391	—
Loss on extinguishment of mortgages payable	—	181	—	181
Amortization of tenant incentives	178	353	337	767
Deferred income taxes	14,909	28,642	26,100	69,057
	(\$65,598)	(\$148,240)	(\$79,565)	(\$302,667)

(b) Net Change in Non-cash Operating Assets and Liabilities

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Amounts receivable	(\$1,216)	\$18	\$4,002	\$1,034
Prepaid expenses	7,164	1,234	2,916	(2,695)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,471	2,497	1,608	1,339
	\$11,419	\$3,749	\$8,526	(\$322)

(c) Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest paid	\$13,530	\$10,260	\$27,834	\$22,273

(d) Reconciliation of Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

The following provides a reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

As at June 30, 2023	Mortgages Payable	Convertible Debentures	Morguard Facility	Lease Liability	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$1,382,174	\$85,126	(\$80,695)	\$16,235	\$1,402,840
Repayments	(16,828)	(85,500)	(119,583)	(16)	(221,927)
New financing, net of financing costs	147,430	53,590	199,923	—	400,943
Lump-sum repayments	(85,793)	—	—	—	(85,793)
Non-cash changes	90,383	(247)	—	—	90,136
Foreign exchange	(22,191)	—	355	(364)	(22,200)
Balance, end of period	\$1,495,175	\$52,969	\$—	\$15,855	\$1,563,999

NOTE 18

MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL

Refer to the REIT's audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 for an explanation of the REIT's capital management policy.

The total managed capital for the REIT as at June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, is summarized below:

As at	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Mortgages payable, principal balance	\$1,512,134	\$1,394,444
Convertible debentures, face value	56,000	85,500
Lease liabilities	15,855	16,235
Class B LP Units	290,209	279,014
Unitholders' equity	1,811,766	1,753,475
	\$3,685,964	\$3,528,668

The REIT's debt ratios compared to its borrowing limits established in the Declaration of Trust are outlined in the table below:

As at	Borrowing Limits	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Total debt to gross book value	70%	38.4%	38.0%
Floating-rate debt to gross book value	20%	0.9%	0.9%

NOTE 19

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Refer to the REIT's audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 for an explanation of the REIT's risk management policy as it relates to financial instruments.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The fair values of cash, restricted cash, amounts receivable, the Morguard Facility and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Mortgages payable, lease liabilities and the convertible debentures are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method of amortization. The estimated fair values of long-term borrowings have been determined based on market information, where available, or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at estimated interest rates expected to be available to the REIT.

The fair value of the mortgages payable has been determined by discounting the cash flows of these financial obligations using June 30, 2023 market rates for debts of similar terms (Level 2). Based on these assumptions, as at June 30, 2023, the fair value of the mortgages payable before deferred financing costs and mark-to-market adjustment is estimated at \$1,402,325 (December 31, 2022 - \$1,291,966). The fair value of the mortgages payable varies from the carrying value due to fluctuations in market interest rates since their issue.

The fair value of the convertible debentures is based on their market trading price (Level 1). As at June 30, 2023, the fair value of the convertible debentures before deferred financing costs has been estimated at \$54,874 (December 31, 2022 - \$85,081), compared with the carrying value of \$51,582 (December 31, 2022 - \$85,223).

The fair value of the Class B LP Units is equal to the market trading price of the Units.

The REIT's convertible debentures have no restrictive covenants.

The fair value hierarchy of real estate properties and financial instruments measured at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets is as follows:

	June 30, 2023			December 31, 2022		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:						
Real estate properties	\$—	\$—	\$4,018,080	\$—	\$—	\$3,626,853
Financial liabilities:						
Class B LP Units	290,209	—	—	279,014	—	—
Conversion option of the convertible debentures	—	3,697	—	—	94	—

NOTE 20

SEGMENTED INFORMATION

All of the REIT's assets and liabilities are in, and their revenue is derived from, the Canadian and U.S. multi-suite residential real estate segments. The Canadian properties are located in the provinces of Alberta and Ontario, and the U.S. properties are located in the states of Colorado, Texas, Louisiana, Illinois, Georgia, Florida, North Carolina, Virginia and Maryland. No single tenant accounts for 10% or more of the REIT's total revenue. The REIT is separated into two reportable segments: Canada and the United States. The REIT has applied judgment by aggregating its operating segments according to the nature of the property operations. Such judgment considers the nature of operations, types of customers and an expectation that operating segments within a reportable segment have similar long-term economic characteristics.

Additional information with respect to each reportable segment is outlined below:

	Three months ended June 30, 2023			Three months ended June 30, 2022		
	Canada	U.S.	Total	Canada	U.S.	Total
Revenue from income producing properties	\$26,523	\$56,803	\$83,326	\$24,518	\$42,874	\$67,392
Property operating expenses	(10,854)	(18,978)	(29,832)	(11,009)	(13,927)	(24,936)
Net operating income	\$15,669	\$37,825	\$53,494	\$13,509	\$28,947	\$42,456

	Six months ended June 30, 2023			Six months ended June 30, 2022		
	Canada	U.S.	Total	Canada	U.S.	Total
Revenue from real estate properties	\$52,667	\$110,307	\$162,974	\$48,535	\$84,114	\$132,649
Property operating expenses	(23,029)	(67,143)	(90,172)	(22,638)	(50,131)	(72,769)
Net operating income	\$29,638	\$43,164	\$72,802	\$25,897	\$33,983	\$59,880

As at	June 30, 2023			December 31, 2022		
	Canada	U.S.	Total	Canada	U.S.	Total
Real estate properties	\$1,494,000	\$2,524,080	\$4,018,080	\$1,452,230	\$2,174,623	\$3,626,853
Mortgages payable	\$532,962	\$962,213	\$1,495,175	\$507,757	\$874,417	\$1,382,174

	Three months ended June 30, 2023			Three months ended June 30, 2022		
	Canada	U.S.	Total	Canada	U.S.	Total
Additions to real estate properties	\$4,348	\$5,361	\$9,709	\$2,543	\$4,363	\$6,906
Fair value gain on real estate properties	\$21,767	\$40,788	\$62,555	\$6,897	\$102,180	\$109,077

	Six months ended June 30, 2023			Six months ended June 30, 2022		
	Canada	U.S.	Total	Canada	U.S.	Total
Additions to real estate properties	\$6,334	\$312,843	\$319,177	\$3,148	\$7,637	\$10,785
Fair value gain on real estate properties	\$35,613	\$93,630	\$129,243	\$37,575	\$318,231	\$355,806

NOTE 21

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The REIT entered into binding agreements for the refinancing of two multi-suite residential properties located in Pensacola, Florida, for an aggregate amount of \$36,774 (US\$27,775) at an interest rate of 5.66% and for terms of 8 years. The maturing mortgages amount to \$20,673 (US\$15,614) and have a weighted average interest rate of 3.39%.